

CITY OF LOS ALAMITOS

3191 Katella Avenue
Los Alamitos, CA 90720

AGENDA CITY COUNCIL REGULAR MEETING Monday, July 16, 2018 – 6:00 p.m.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC – This Agenda contains a brief general description of each item to be considered. Except as provided by law, action or discussion shall not be taken on any item not appearing on the agenda. Supporting documents, including staff reports, are available for review at City Hall in the City Clerk's Office or on the City's website at www.cityoflosalamitos.org once the agenda has been publicly posted.

Each matter on the agenda, no matter how described, shall be deemed to include any appropriate motion, whether to adopt a minute motion, resolution, payment of any bill, approval of any matter or action, or any other action. Items listed as "for information" or "for discussion" may also be the subject of an "action" taken by the City Council at the same meeting.

Any written materials relating to an item on this agenda submitted to the City Council after distribution of the agenda packet are available for public inspection in the City Clerk's Office, 3191 Katella Ave., Los Alamitos CA 90720, during normal business hours. In addition, such writings or documents will be made available for public review at the respective public meeting.

It is the intention of the City of Los Alamitos to comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) in all respects. If, as an attendee, or a participant at this meeting, you will need special assistance beyond what is normally provided, please contact the City Clerk's Office at (562) 431-3538, extension 220, 48 hours prior to the meeting so that reasonable arrangements may be made. Assisted listening devices may be obtained from the City Clerk at the meeting for individuals with hearing impairments.

Persons wishing to address the City Council on any item on the City Council Agenda will be called upon at the time the agenda item is called or during the City Council's consideration of the item and may address the City Council for up to three minutes.

1. CALL TO ORDER

2. ROLL CALL

Mayor Edgar
Mayor Pro Tem Kusumoto
Council Member Chirco
Council Member Hasselbrink
Council Member Murphy

3. PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

Mayor Pro Tem Kusumoto will lead the Pledge of Allegiance.

4. INVOCATION

Council Member Hasselbrink will give the Invocation.

5. PRESENTATION

- A. Presentation of a Tile Plaque to Steven A. Mendoza for His Service as Development Services Director**
- B. Presentation of Grant Check Towards Recreation & Community Services Scholarship Fund from Run Seal Beach**
- C. Presentation of Certificates of Appreciation to Barb Ringhofer, Tom Hall , and Todd Fatone for Coordinating the Annual Rossmoor Highlands 4th of July Parade and Festival**
- D. Presentation of a Proclamation to Parks, Recreation, and Cultural Arts Chair, Tanya Doby, for Parks Make Life Better Month**
- E. Introduction of New Orange County Fire Authority Chief Brian Fennese**
- F. Presentation by District Attorney Rackauckas Regarding Human Exploitation and Trafficking (HEAT) Unit**

6. ORAL COMMUNICATIONS

At this time, any individual in the audience may come forward to speak on any item within the subject matter jurisdiction of the City Council. Remarks are to be limited to not more than five minutes per speaker.

7. COUNCIL ANNOUNCEMENTS

At this time, Council Members may also report on items not specifically described on the Agenda that are of interest to the community, provided no action or discussion is taken except to provide Staff direction to report back or to place the item on a future Agenda.

8. ITEMS FROM THE CITY MANAGER

9. WARRANTS

Approve the Warrants for July 16, 2018, in the amount of \$21,609.83 ratify the Warrants for June 19, 2018 to July 15, 2018 in the amount of \$1,621,903.40, and authorize the City Manager to approve such expenditures as are legally due and within an unexhausted balance of an appropriation against which the same may be charged for the time period of July 17, 2018 to August 19, 2018.

ROLL CALL

Mayor Edgar
Mayor Pro Tem Kusumoto
Council Member Chirco
Council Member Hasselbrink
Council Member Murphy

10. CONSENT CALENDAR

All Consent Calendar items may be acted upon by one motion unless a Council Member requests separate action on a specific item.

- A. Approval of Minutes (City Clerk)**
Approve the City Council minutes of June 18, 2018 – Special, June 18, 2018 – Regular, and July 9, 2018 – Regular.

- B. Amendment No. 1 – Race on the Base Management Contract (Recreation)**
This agenda item is a contract extension for management of Race on the Base.

Recommendation: Authorize the Mayor to execute Amendment No. 1 to the Professional Services Agreement with RUN Racing, LLC., extending the contract term to March 30, 2019.

- C. Approval of Final Tract Map 17841 (10742 Walnut Street) (Development Services)**

The Final Tract Map 17841 for the subdivision of airspace of a single parcel for condominium purposes, located at 10742 Walnut Street, is ready for submission to the County Recorder's Office for final review. (Applicant: Nick Zamvakellis)

Recommendations:

1. Adopt Resolution No. 2018-24 entitled, "A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF LOS ALAMITOS, CALIFORNIA, APPROVING TRACT MAP NO. 17841 FOR THE PROPERTY LOCATED AT 10742 WALNUT STREET"; and,
2. Direct the City Clerk to endorse on the title sheet of Tract Map 17841, the certificate which embodies the approval of said maps, and submit maps to the County of Orange Recorder's Office.

- D. Approval of Notice of Completion for Los Alamitos Blvd Median Project CIP (16/17-08) (Development Services)**

The Los Alamitos Boulevard Median Improvement Project (CIP No. 16/17-08) project is complete and in compliance with the plans and specifications. Therefore, Staff recommends that City Council accept the work as complete, direct filing of the Notice of Completion and authorize retention release as prescribed by the Public Contract Codes.

Recommendations:

1. Accept as complete the construction contract by GMC Engineering Inc for the Los Alamitos Boulevard Median Improvement Project (CIP No. 16/17-08); and,
2. Direct the City Clerk to record the Notice of Completion/Final Report with the County Recorder's office; and,
3. Authorize Staff to release the 5% retention to the contractor, in the amount of \$80,423.98, thirty-five (35) days after recordation of the Notice of Completion.

11. PUBLIC HEARINGS

A. **Fifth Public Hearing of Five – Transition to District Based City Council Elections** (City Clerk)

The purpose of this public hearing is to receive input from the City Council and public regarding draft maps and election sequencing for a district-based election system.

Recommendations:

1. Conduct a public hearing to receive public input on district boundaries and election sequencing; and,
2. Introduce for first reading, read by title only, and waive further reading of Ordinance No. 2018-05, and set for adoption at an Adjourned Regular meeting on July 30, 2018; and,
3. City Attorney Daudt read the title of Ordinance No. 2018-05 entitled “AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF LOS ALAMITOS, CALIFORNIA, ESTABLISHING A DISTRICT-BASED ELECTION SYSTEM FOR MEMBERS OF THE CITY COUNCIL.”

12. DISCUSSION ITEMS

A. **Annual Dues Assessment for City Council Memberships** (Administrative Services)

Council asked staff to agendize a report to discuss and provide direction regarding the City Council’s memberships.

Recommendations:

1. Receive presentations from Association of California Cities - Orange County (ACC-OC) Chief Executive Officer, Heather Stratman; Orange County Division League of California Cities (League) Public Affairs Regional Manager, Tony Cardenas; and, Southern California Association of Governments (SCAG) Board President and Mayor Pro Tem of Ontario, Alan Wapner, and Chief Operations Officer, Darin Chidsey; and,
2. Review, discuss and provide direction on the City’s memberships.

B. **Designation of Voting Delegate and Alternate for the League of California Cities’ 2018 Annual Conference & Expo** (City Clerk)

The League of California Cities Annual Conference & Expo will be held at the Long Beach Convention Center, September 12-17, 2018. The League is requesting City Council designation of a Voting Delegate to the Annual Business Meeting.

Recommendations:

1. Appoint a Council Member to serve as the City's Voting Delegate for the League of California Cities 2018 Annual Business Meeting; and,
2. Appoint a Council Member to serve as the City's Alternate Voting Delegate in the event of the Voting Delegate's absence.

C. Recreation and Community Services Foundation Options (Recreation)

This agenda item provides an opportunity to discuss the possibility of creating a 501(c)3 nonprofit Recreation and Community Services Foundation.

Recommendation: Review and discuss various options of creating a Recreation and Community Services Foundation and direct Staff accordingly.

D. Los Alamitos Museum Historical Designation Plaque (Recreation)

This report seeks consideration of an application submitted by the Los Alamitos Museum Board of Directors to the Orange County Historical Commission for a Historic Site Plaque at the former Los Alamitos Fire Station, and current home to the Los Alamitos Museum, located at 11062 Los Alamitos Blvd.

Recommendation: Authorize the City Manager to sign the Orange County Historical Commission Historical Plaque Program Property Owner Agreement for the Historical Designation Plaque for the former Los Alamitos Fire Station.

13. CLOSED SESSION

A. CONFERENCE WITH LEGAL COUNSEL – EXISTING LITIGATION

Pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (d) of Government Code Section 54956.9. Name of Case: *Los Alamitos Community United, et al. v. City of Los Alamitos, et al.* Superior Court of California, County of Orange, Case No. 30-2018-00987018-CU-WM-CXC.

13. ADJOURNMENT

The City Council will adjourn to Monday, July 30, 2018 at 6:00 p.m.

I hereby certify under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California, that the foregoing Agenda was posted at the following locations: Los Alamitos City Hall, 3191 Katella Ave.; Los Alamitos Community Center, 10911 Oak Street; and, Los Alamitos Museum, 11062 Los Alamitos Blvd.; not less than 72 hours prior to the meeting.



Windmera Quintanar, CMC, City Clerk
Dated: July 12, 2018

City of Los Alamitos

Agenda Report Public Hearing

July 16, 2018
Item No.: 11A

To: Mayor Troy D. Edgar & Members of the City Council
Via: Bret M. Plumlee, City Manager
From: Windmera Quintanar, CMC, City Clerk
Subject: Fifth Public Hearing of Five – Transition to District Based City Council Elections

Summary: The purpose of this public hearing is to receive input from the City Council and public regarding draft maps and election sequencing for a district-based election system.

Recommendations:

1. Conduct a public hearing to receive public input on district boundaries and election sequencing; and,
2. Introduce for first reading, read by title only, and waive further reading of Ordinance No. 2018-05, and set for adoption at an Adjourned Regular meeting on July 30, 2018; and,
3. City Attorney Daudt read the title of Ordinance No. 2018-05 entitled “AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF LOS ALAMITOS, CALIFORNIA, ESTABLISHING A DISTRICT-BASED ELECTION SYSTEM FOR MEMBERS OF THE CITY COUNCIL.”

Background

The City currently utilizes an at-large election system where voters citywide select each of the five City Council Members. By contrast, a district-based election system is one in which a city is physically divided into separate districts, each with one council member who resides in the district and is chosen solely by the voters residing in that district.

The City received a certified letter on March 29, 2018, from Kevin Shenkman, an attorney with the law firm of Shenkman & Hughes in Malibu, California. The letter asserts that the City’s at-large election system violates the California Voting Rights Act by diluting the ability of Latinos to elect candidates of their choice or otherwise influence the outcome of Los Alamitos’ City Council elections. Mr. Shenkman claims “polarized voting” may be occurring and threatens litigation if the City declines to voluntarily convert to district-based elections.

The California Voting Rights Act (“CVRA”), codified as Elections Code sections 14025 et seq. became law on January 1, 2003. The purpose of the CVRA is to prevent the disenfranchisement of protected classes; which are broadly defined to include members of a race, color, or language minority group. Any voter who resides in a city and is a member of a protected class may file a lawsuit against the city for a violation of the CVRA. To succeed, the plaintiff must only show

that, as a result of an at-large election, “racially polarized voting” has occurred. “Racially polarized voting” means there is a difference between the choice of candidates preferred by voters in a protected class and candidates preferred by voters in the remainder of the voting population. If the plaintiff prevails in litigation, the CVRA allows for the recovery of significant attorneys’ fees and expert witness fees. On the other hand, even if the city prevails, it cannot recover either attorneys’ fees or costs.

Consequently, cities throughout the State have increasingly faced legal challenges to their at-large election systems. Nearly all have settled claims out of court by voluntarily transitioning to district-based elections. Those cities that have attempted to defend their existing at-large election systems have incurred significant legal costs. A few examples:

Palmdale: \$4.5 million
Whittier: \$1 million
Anaheim: \$1.1 million

Modesto: \$3 million
Santa Barbara: \$600,000

Staff is unaware of any city that has prevailed in defending its at-large election system under a claim filed pursuant to the CVRA.

On September 28, 2016, the Governor signed AB 350 into law, codified as Elections Code section 10010. The legislation provides a “safe harbor” from CVRA litigation for cities. Once a city receives a demand letter, it has 45 days of protection from litigation to assess its situation. If within that 45-day period, a city adopts a resolution of intention declaring its intent to transition from at-large to district-based elections, outlining specific steps to be undertaken to facilitate the transition, and estimating a timeframe for action, then a potential plaintiff is prohibited from filing a CVRA action for an additional 90-day period. Under AB 350, a city’s liability is capped at \$30,000 if it utilizes the safe harbor provisions after receiving a demand letter.

The first step in transitioning to district-based elections is adoption of a resolution of intention. Pursuant to Government Code Section 34886 and Elections Code Section 10010. On May 11, 2018, the City Council adopted Resolution No. 2018-08 (“Resolution of Intention”) declaring its intention to transition from at-large to district-based elections for the City Council commencing with the General Municipal Election in November 2020. Through its approval of the Resolution of Intention, the City Council determined that it was in the public interest to begin the process of transition from at-large to district-based elections due to the uncertainty of litigation to defend against a CVRA lawsuit and the potentially extraordinary cost of such a lawsuit, notwithstanding the City Council’s assertion that the City’s election system is legal in all respects.

Elections Code Section 10010 provides that before any map or maps of the boundaries for the proposed districts are drawn, the City must conduct two (2) public hearings over a period of no more than thirty (30) days, at which time the public is invited to provide input regarding the composition of said districts.

Public Hearings

Public Hearing #1 was held on Tuesday, May 29, 2018. Three members of the public spoke during the public hearing. They expressed concern that more outreach to the public needed to occur, opposition to the mandated expedited timeline, and questioned the benefit of district elections. Council discussed the California Voting Rights Act, which mandates the transition to district-based elections, and stated concern district elections would not properly represent the will of all Los Alamitos residents. Council pointed out this was not a Council driven action and the Council was required by law to move forward with district-based elections in an expedited manner to remain within the safe harbor provisions of the CVRA and avoid costly legal fees.

Council acknowledged there was not a large turnout for the public hearing and directed Staff to advertise future meeting dates in more locations.

Public Hearing #2 was held on Monday, June 4, 2018. Six residents of Apartment Row and one Rossmoor resident spoke in favor of district-based elections and stated support for having at least two representatives from their area. One resident spoke in opposition to district-based elections. Council reiterated concern district elections would not properly represent the will of all Los Alamitos residents. Council encouraged residents to contact them directly with any concerns.

Public Hearing #3 was held on Monday, June 18, 2018. Council and the public reviewed the four maps submitted by NDC and three resident maps. Council did not request any changes to the proposed maps. Council requested information on the possibility of a directly elected Mayor and the possible scenarios for sequencing of the districts.

Public Hearing #4 was held on Monday, July 7, 2018. Council opened the Public Hearing and discussed the proposed maps. Council unanimously voted the Green map as the preferred map with preferred sequence of Districts 1 and 3 up for election in 2020 and Districts 2, 4, and 5 up in 2022.

Community Outreach

Since adoption of the Resolution of Intention, the City has engaged in outreach efforts to inform the public about district elections and the process associated with developing the City Council election districts. The Public Hearing Notice for the hearings was published in English, Spanish, Korean, and Vietnamese in the May 16, 2018 edition of the News Enterprise. A color ad noticing the dates ran in the May 2nd edition of the News Enterprise. A color ad was posted on the Orange County Breeze website on May 30 and will run until July 16, 2018. The notices were posted on the City's website, in the three posting locations throughout the City, published on local Channel-3 and the City's social media outlets including Facebook, Twitter, and Nextdoor.com. The recordings of the Public Hearings are running at least once a day on Channel 3 and are available on the City's website. Staff created a new flyer to inform the public and get them engaged. The Chamber of Commerce sent the Public Hearing dates out to their mailing list on March 30, 2018. On March 31, 2018 Staff sent out an email blast to the City's distribution list of approximately 560 Los Alamitos residents. The Los Alamitos Unified School District has also sent the information to its distribution list. Staff continues to post information on social media platforms and advise the press of the upcoming dates as they approach.

Neighborhoods

At the June 4, 2018 Public Hearing, concerns were risen that Apartment Row needed at least two representatives. Apartment Row is a densely populated area and will require at least two districts as drawn in the draft maps provided by NDC.

The City is comprised of 16 residential neighborhoods. The neighborhood borders do not match census block borders and therefore we cannot calculate neighborhood by neighborhood population counts. NDC has compiled calculations based on nearby groupings of neighborhoods (i.e. Country Square, College Park North, Greenbrook and Woodcrest combined; El Dorado Park Estates East and Bungalows combined; etc). The grouping of various neighborhoods is dependent on the context of each overall map. Specific demographic information is available via an interactive map on the City's web at: <http://cityoflosalamitos.org/district-elections/>. To view total population by block, users would click on the "census block" layer. As they zoom in, population counts are calculated. Voter registration information for the 2014 and 2016 General Election turnout data is provided in the demographic spreadsheet for each district in each map

Discussion

At its July 7, 2018, Public Hearing the City Council unanimously voted the Green map as the preferred district boundary map with the preferred sequencing of Districts 1 and 3 in 2020 and Districts 2, 4, and 5 in 2022. The final district boundaries and sequence of district elections will be reflected in the adopted Ordinance. These changes will be in effect for the November 2020 General Municipal Election.

Per City Council's direction, staff has prepared Ordinance 2018-05 establishing a district-based election system inclusive of the Council's preferred district map and sequence of by-district elections. The ordinance will be presented a second time for adoption at an Adjourned Regular meeting on July 30, 2018. The City Clerk and demographer will then work with the County Elections Division to have the district map integrated into the countywide voting system. The first district election for two Council seats in Los Alamitos (Districts 1 and 3) will be held in November 2020.

Fiscal Impact

Transitioning to district elections required the City to retain the services of a demographer, National Demographic Consultants (NDC). The cost of these service is roughly \$17,000. Significant Staff time was required to transition to district-based elections and to administer the process including the need for five (5) public hearings. Council appropriated \$20,000 from the General Fund to the Election Expense account for this purpose on May 11, 2018.

Should the City Council ultimately adopt Ordinance 2018-05 to transition to a district-based electoral system, the law firm of Shenkman and Hughes, which threatened litigation if the City declined to voluntarily transfer to district-based elections, may seek reimbursement for its documented costs up to \$30,000; the City, however, will not be exposed to the potential much higher legal fees involved in defense of a lawsuit brought under the California Voting Rights Act. Additional legal fees have been incurred by our City Attorney as well for this unbudgeted item. Once these additional charges have been realized, an appropriation request will come back to the Council.

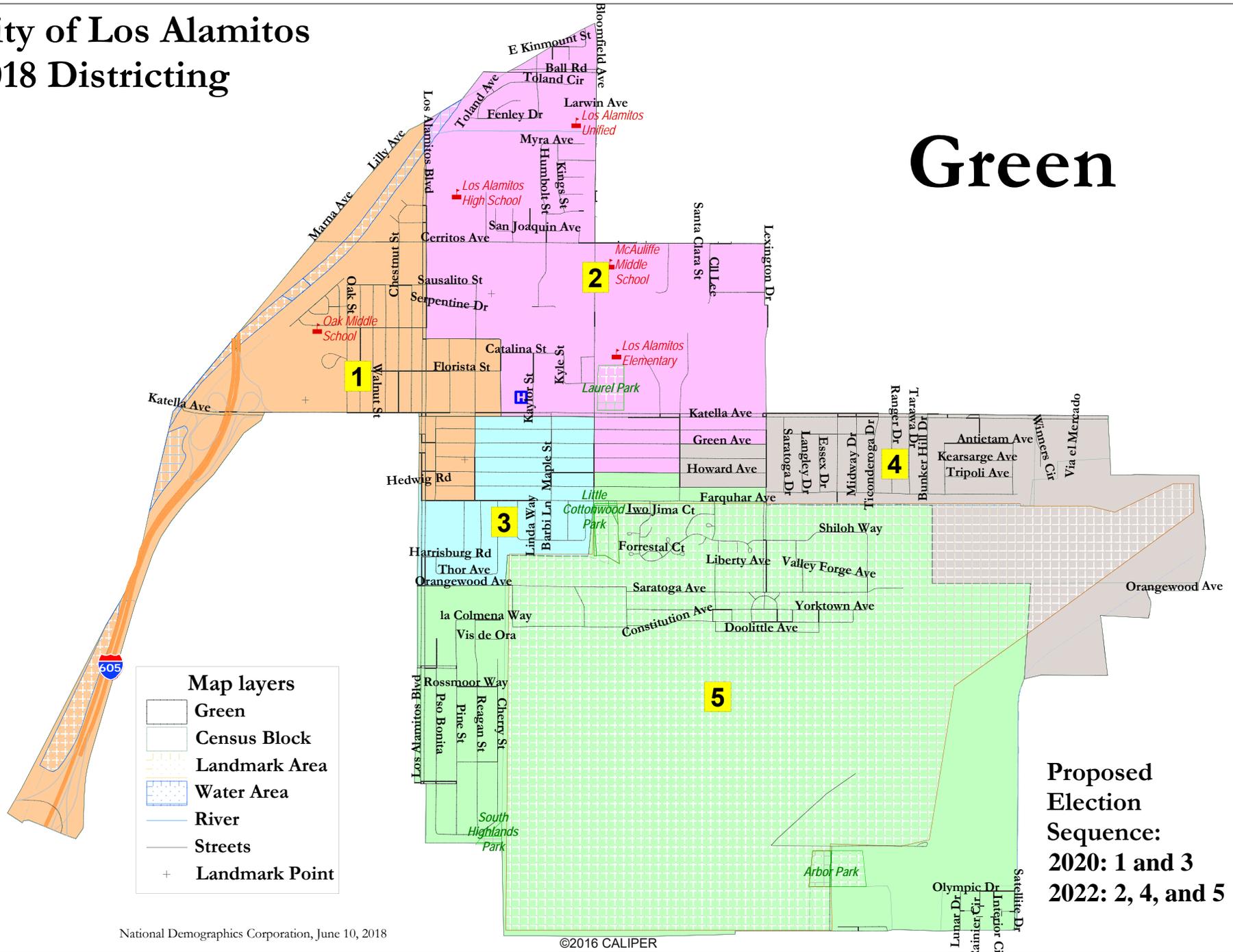
Submitted By: Windmera Quintanar, CMC, City Clerk

Approved By: Bret M. Plumlee, City Manager

- Attachments:*
- 1. Council Preferred Green Map with proposed election sequencing*
 - 2. Ordinance 2018-05*
 - 3. Proposed Draft Maps (with proposed election sequencing and demographics)*
 - 4. Resident Submitted Maps and demographics*
 - 5.. Neighborhood Map with Population Data*
 - 6. Adopted Timeline for District-based Elections*
 - 7. Conceptual Map: Four-District/Mayor Elected At-Large (Illustrative purposes only)*
 - 8. Flyer Advertising Public Hearing Dates*
 - 9. Flyer Requesting Public Input*
 - 10. Demand Letter*

City of Los Alamitos 2018 Districting

Green



Map layers

- Green
- Census Block
- Landmark Area
- Water Area
- River
- Streets
- Landmark Point

**Proposed
Election
Sequence:
2020: 1 and 3
2022: 2, 4, and 5**

ORDINANCE NO. 2018-15

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF LOS ALAMITOS, CALIFORNIA, ESTABLISHING A DISTRICT-BASED ELECTION SYSTEM FOR MEMBERS OF THE CITY COUNCIL

WHEREAS, members of the City Council of the City of Los Alamitos are currently elected in at-large elections, in which each City Councilmember is elected by voters of the entire City; and

WHEREAS, on March 29, 2018, the City received a certified letter from attorney Kevin Shenkman of the law firm of Shenkman & Hughes asserting that the City's at-large Councilmember election system violates the California Voting Rights Act ("CVRA") and threatening litigation if the City declines to voluntarily change to a district-based election system where each City Councilmember resides within a designated district boundary and is elected only by the voters in that district; and; and

WHEREAS, the City denies its current at-large election system violates the CVRA or any other provision of law and asserts the City's election system is legal in all respects and further denies any wrongdoing whatsoever regarding the way it has conducted its City Council elections; and

WHEREAS, while the City Council strongly believes that the interests of all of the City's residents have been fully and fairly represented under the City's current at-large election system, the City Council has concluded it is in the public interest to transition to district-based elections due to the uncertainty of litigation to defend against a CVRA lawsuit and the potentially extraordinary cost of such a lawsuit, even if the City were to prevail; and

WHEREAS, on May 11, 2018, the City Council adopted Resolution No. 2018-08, declaring the City's intention to transition from at-large to district-based elections pursuant to California Elections Code Section 10010; and

WHEREAS, the City retained an expert demographer to assist the City with the process of analyzing the City's population, developing draft district maps consistent with the CVRA and the Federal Voting Rights Act, and gathering input from residents on the potential Council district maps; and

WHEREAS, in accordance with California Elections Code Section 10010(a)(1), the City Council held two public hearings on May 29, 2018 and June 4, 2018 where the public was invited to provide input regarding the composition of the City's voting districts before any draft maps were drawn; and

WHEREAS, in accordance with California Elections Code Section 10010(a)(2), the

City Council held two additional public hearings on June 18, 2018 and July 9, 2018 where the public was invited to provide input regarding the content of the draft maps and the proposed sequence of elections; and

WHEREAS, at its July 9, 2018 meeting, the City Council selected its preferred district map, determined its preferred sequence of district elections, and directed staff to bring forward this Ordinance for its consideration; and

WHEREAS, in accordance with California Government Code Section 34886, it is declared that the change in the method of electing members of the City Council of the City of Los Alamitos made by this Ordinance is in furtherance of the purposes of the California Voting Rights Act of 2001 (Chapter 1.5 (commencing with Section 14025) of Division 14 of the Elections Code) and to implement the guarantees of Section 7 of Article I and Section 2 of Article II of the California Constitution.

THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF LOS ALAMITOS, CALIFORNIA, DOES ORDAIN AS FOLLOWS:

SECTION 1. The foregoing recitals are true and correct.

SECTION 2. Establishment of a District-Based Election System.

A. By-District Elections. Pursuant to California Government Code Section 34886, beginning in November 2020 and upon the expiration of the current terms of office of members of the City Council, City Councilmembers shall be elected by the five Council districts established by subdivision (B) of this Section. Elections shall take place “by-district” as that term is defined in California Government Code Section 34871, meaning one City Councilmember shall be elected from each district by the voters of that district alone.

B. Council Districts. All five Councilmembers shall be elected on a “by-district” basis from the Council districts shown and numbered on the district map attached hereto as Exhibit A, and incorporated herein by reference, a copy of which shall be on file in the City Clerk’s office.

C. Sequence of Elections. Commencing with the November 2020 General Municipal Election, and every four years thereafter, the following two Council districts shall be elected by-district: District 1 and District 3. Commencing with the November 2022 General Municipal Election, and every four years thereafter, the following three Council districts shall be elected by-district: District 2; District 4; and District 5.

D. Residency in Council District Required. A Councilmember elected or appointed to represent a Council district must reside in that district and be a registered voter in that district, and any candidate for City Council must reside in, and be a registered voter in, the Council district in which he or she seeks election at the time nomination papers are issued. Termination of residency in a Council district by a Councilmember

shall create an immediate vacancy for that district unless a substitute residence within the district is established within thirty (30) days after the termination of residency.

E. Expiration of At-Large Terms of Office. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section, the Councilmembers in office prior to the November 2020 General Municipal Election shall continue in office until the expiration of the term to which he or she was elected. In the event a vacancy occurs before the expiration of the term of a Councilmember in office prior to the November 2020 General Municipal Election, a person who is appointed or elected in accordance with Section 502 of the Los Alamitos City Charter to fill such vacancy may reside anywhere within the corporate boundaries of the City.

SECTION 3. If necessary to facilitate the implementation of this Ordinance as determined by the County Registrar of Voters, the City Clerk is authorized to make technical adjustments to the Council district boundaries that do not substantively affect the populations in the districts, the eligibility of candidates, or the residence of elected officials within any district. The City Clerk shall consult with the City Manager and City Attorney concerning any technical adjustments deemed necessary and shall advise the City Council of any such adjustments required in the implementation of the districts.

SECTION 4. If any section, subsection, subdivision, sentence, clause, phrase, or portion of this Ordinance for any reason is held to be invalid or unconstitutional by the decision of any court of competent jurisdiction, such decision shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of this Ordinance. The City Council hereby declares that it would have adopted this Ordinance, and each section, subsection, subdivision, sentence, clause, phrase, or portion thereof, irrespective of the fact that any one or more sections, subsections, subdivisions, sentences, clauses, phrases, or portions thereof be declared invalid or unconstitutional.

SECTION 5. The City Clerk shall certify as to the adoption of this Ordinance and shall cause a summary thereof to be published within fifteen (15) days of the adoption and shall post a Certified copy of this Ordinance, including the vote for and against the same, in the Office of the City Clerk, in accordance with Government Code Section 36933.

PASSED, APPROVED, AND ADOPTED this 30th day of July, 2018.

Troy Edgar, Mayor

ATTEST:

Windmera Quintanar, CMC, City Clerk

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

Michael S. Daudt, City Attorney

STATE OF CALIFORNIA)
COUNTY OF ORANGE) ss.
CITY OF LOS ALAMITOS)

I, Windmera Quintanar, CMC, City Clerk of the City of Los Alamitos, do hereby certify that the foregoing Ordinance No. 2018-05 was duly introduced and placed upon its first reading at a regular meeting of the City Council on the 16th day of July, 2018 and that thereafter, said Ordinance was duly adopted and passed at an adjourned regular meeting of the City Council on the 30th day of July, 2018 by the following roll-call vote, to wit:

AYES: COUNCILMEMBERS:

NOES: COUNCILMEMBERS:

ABSENT: COUNCILMEMBERS:

ABSTAIN: COUNCILMEMBERS:

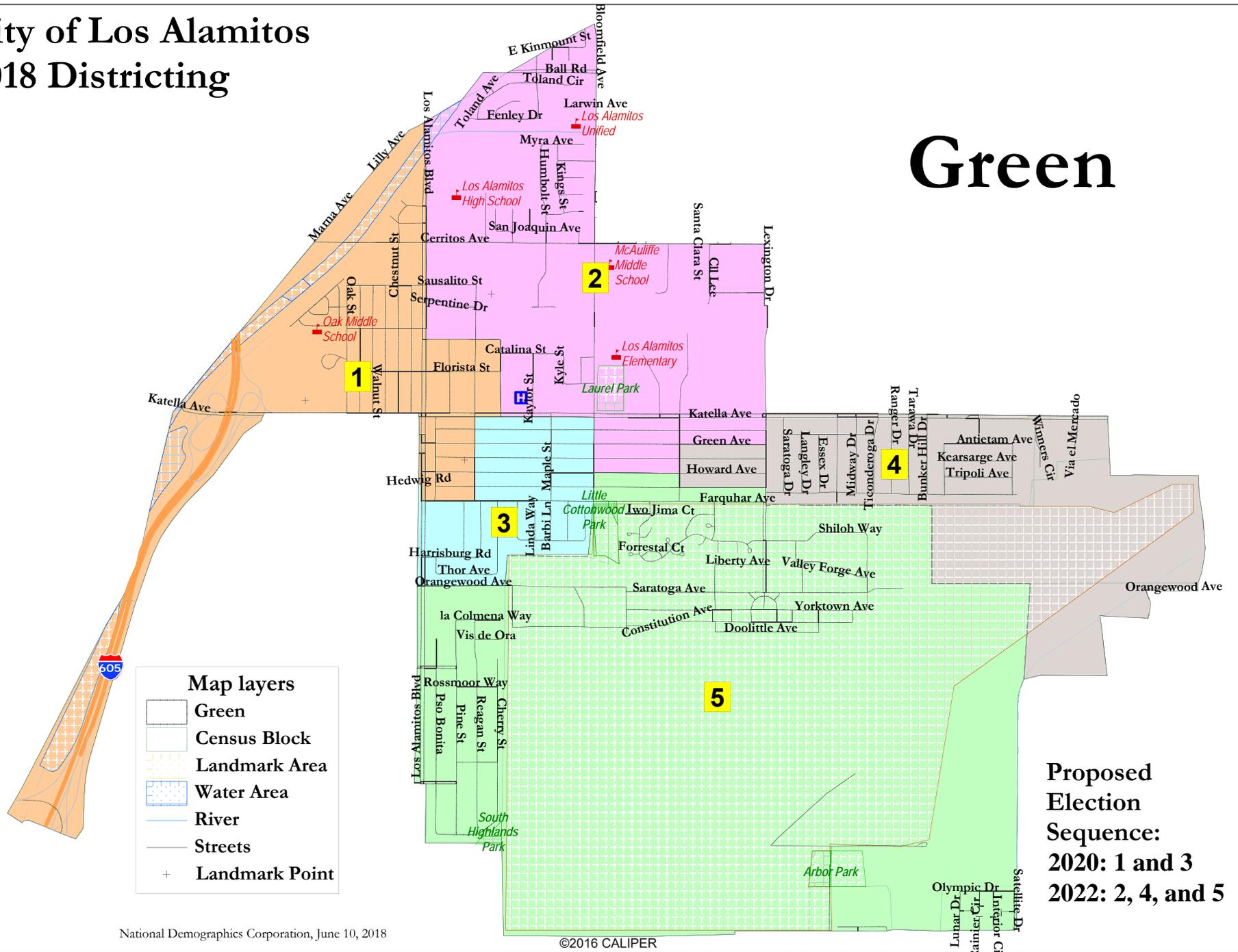
Windmera Quintanar, CMC, City Clerk

Exhibit A

City of Los Alamitos Council District Map

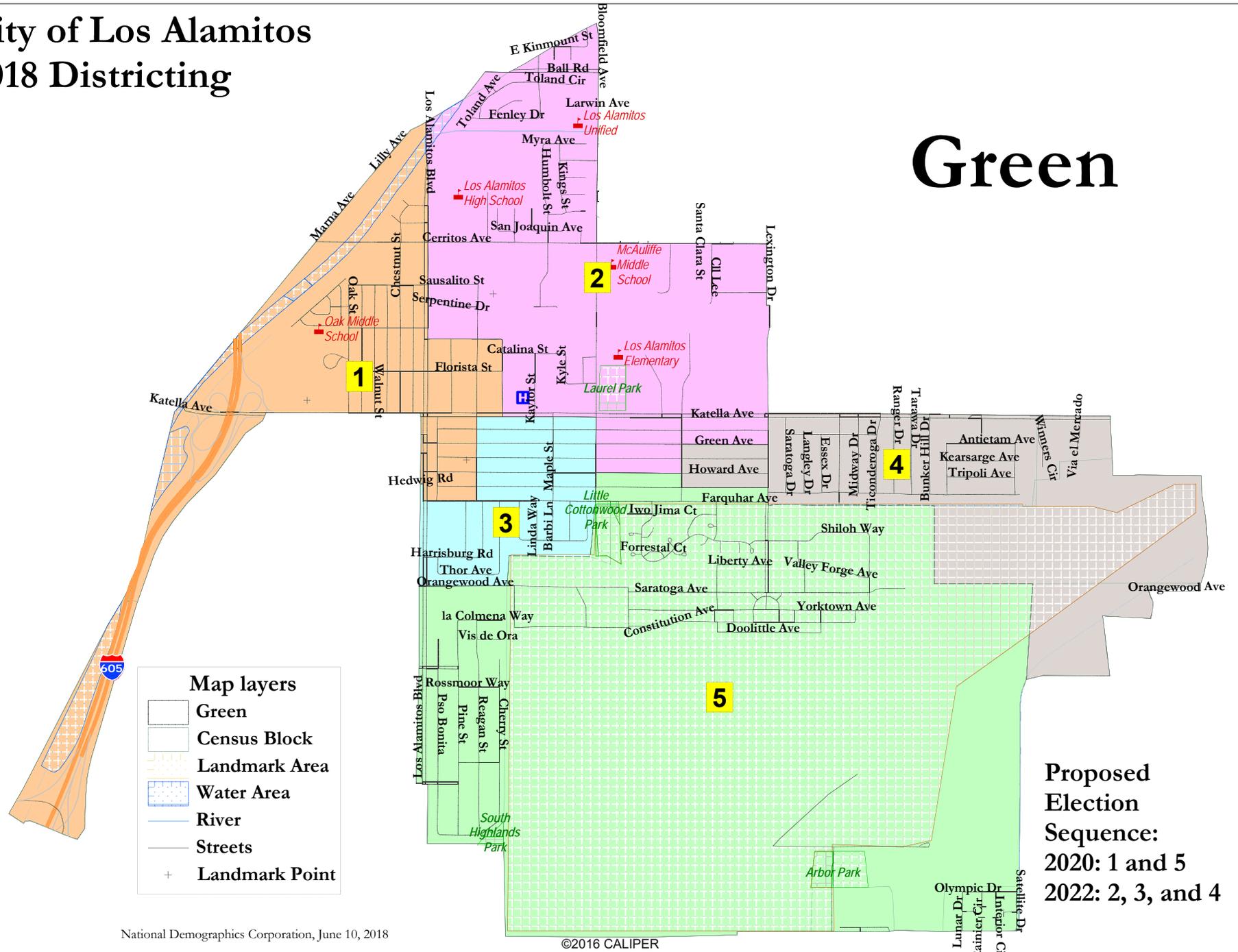
City of Los Alamitos 2018 Districting

Green



City of Los Alamitos 2018 Districting

Green



Map layers

- Green
- Census Block
- Landmark Area
- Water Area
- River
- Streets
- Landmark Point

**Proposed
Election
Sequence:**
2020: 1 and 5
2022: 2, 3, and 4

Los Alamitos - Green

| District | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | Total |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|
| Ideal | Total Pop | 2,298 | 2,295 | 2,379 | 2,205 | 2,232 | 11,409 |
| 2,282 | Deviation from ideal | 16 | 13 | 97 | -77 | -50 | 174 |
| | % Deviation | 0.70% | 0.57% | 4.25% | -3.37% | -2.19% | 7.62% |
| Total Pop | % Hisp | 31% | 14% | 24% | 19% | 17% | 21% |
| | % NH White | 47% | 62% | 55% | 63% | 66% | 59% |
| | % NH Black | 4% | 3% | 4% | 2% | 2% | 3% |
| | % Asian-American | 14% | 19% | 15% | 13% | 11% | 14% |
| Citizen Voting Age Pop | Total | 1,620 | 2,044 | 1,500 | 1,565 | 1,635 | 8,364 |
| | % Hisp | 28% | 9% | 19% | 27% | 15% | 19% |
| | % NH White | 41% | 62% | 60% | 58% | 73% | 59% |
| | % NH Black | 12% | 6% | 6% | 1% | 4% | 6% |
| | % Asian/Pac.Isl. | 13% | 19% | 14% | 9% | 8% | 13% |
| Voter Registration (Nov 2016) | Total | 1,087 | 1,281 | 1,279 | 1,269 | 1,403 | 6,319 |
| | % Latino est. | 25% | 14% | 21% | 16% | 12% | 17% |
| | % Spanish-Surnamed | 22% | 13% | 19% | 14% | 11% | 15% |
| | % Asian-Surnamed | 6% | 9% | 6% | 5% | 5% | 6% |
| | % Filipino-Surnamed | 2% | 1% | 2% | 2% | 1% | 2% |
| | % NH White est. | 53% | 67% | 65% | 70% | 78% | 67% |
| % NH Black | 12% | 6% | 6% | 1% | 4% | 6% | |
| Voter Turnout (Nov 2016) | Total | 824 | 1,046 | 1,015 | 1,037 | 1,192 | 5,114 |
| | % Latino est. | 25% | 13% | 22% | 15% | 11% | 17% |
| | % Spanish-Surnamed | 23% | 12% | 19% | 14% | 10% | 15% |
| | % Asian-Surnamed | 5% | 9% | 4% | 6% | 5% | 6% |
| | % Filipino-Surnamed | 2% | 1% | 2% | 2% | 1% | 2% |
| | % NH White est. | 53% | 68% | 65% | 71% | 79% | 68% |
| % NH Black | 12% | 6% | 6% | 1% | 4% | 5% | |
| Voter Turnout (Nov 2014) | Total | 374 | 544 | 523 | 553 | 660 | 2,655 |
| | % Latino est. | 21% | 8% | 12% | 12% | 9% | 12% |
| | % Spanish-Surnamed | 19% | 7% | 11% | 11% | 8% | 10% |
| | % Asian-Surnamed | 4% | 10% | 5% | 5% | 4% | 5% |
| | % Filipino-Surnamed | 2% | 0% | 1% | 2% | 1% | 1% |
| | % NH White est. | 71% | 81% | 79% | 76% | 86% | 79% |
| % NH Black est. | 3% | 1% | 2% | 0% | 0% | 1% | |
| ACS Pop. Est. | Total | 2,429 | 2,412 | 2,444 | 2,200 | 2,222 | 11,706 |
| Age | age0-19 | 24% | 27% | 31% | 29% | 29% | 28% |
| | age20-60 | 53% | 54% | 52% | 49% | 48% | 51% |
| | age60plus | 23% | 20% | 17% | 22% | 22% | 21% |
| Immigration | immigrants | 16% | 18% | 15% | 12% | 11% | 15% |
| | naturalized | 74% | 64% | 56% | 61% | 61% | 64% |
| Language spoken at home | english | 77% | 74% | 76% | 82% | 83% | 78% |
| | spanish | 9% | 11% | 12% | 8% | 8% | 10% |
| | asian-lang | 11% | 12% | 9% | 7% | 7% | 9% |
| | other lang | 3% | 3% | 3% | 2% | 2% | 3% |
| Language Fluency | Speaks Eng. "Less than Very Well" | 9% | 10% | 8% | 6% | 5% | 8% |
| Education (among those age 25+) | hs-grad | 45% | 50% | 53% | 51% | 51% | 50% |
| | bachelor | 27% | 26% | 24% | 24% | 24% | 25% |
| | graduatedegree | 16% | 14% | 14% | 18% | 19% | 16% |
| Child in Household | child-under18 | 28% | 33% | 40% | 35% | 34% | 34% |
| Pct of Pop. Age 16+ | employed | 57% | 61% | 63% | 56% | 56% | 59% |
| Household Income | income 0-25k | 13% | 13% | 14% | 12% | 12% | 13% |
| | income 25-50k | 18% | 17% | 16% | 13% | 12% | 15% |
| | income 50-75k | 15% | 18% | 22% | 19% | 19% | 19% |
| | income 75-200k | 43% | 44% | 42% | 46% | 47% | 44% |
| | income 200k-plus | 12% | 7% | 5% | 10% | 11% | 9% |
| Housing Stats | single family | 67% | 53% | 35% | 65% | 70% | 58% |
| | multi-family | 33% | 47% | 65% | 35% | 30% | 42% |
| | rented | 50% | 60% | 73% | 47% | 42% | 55% |
| | owned | 50% | 40% | 27% | 53% | 58% | 45% |

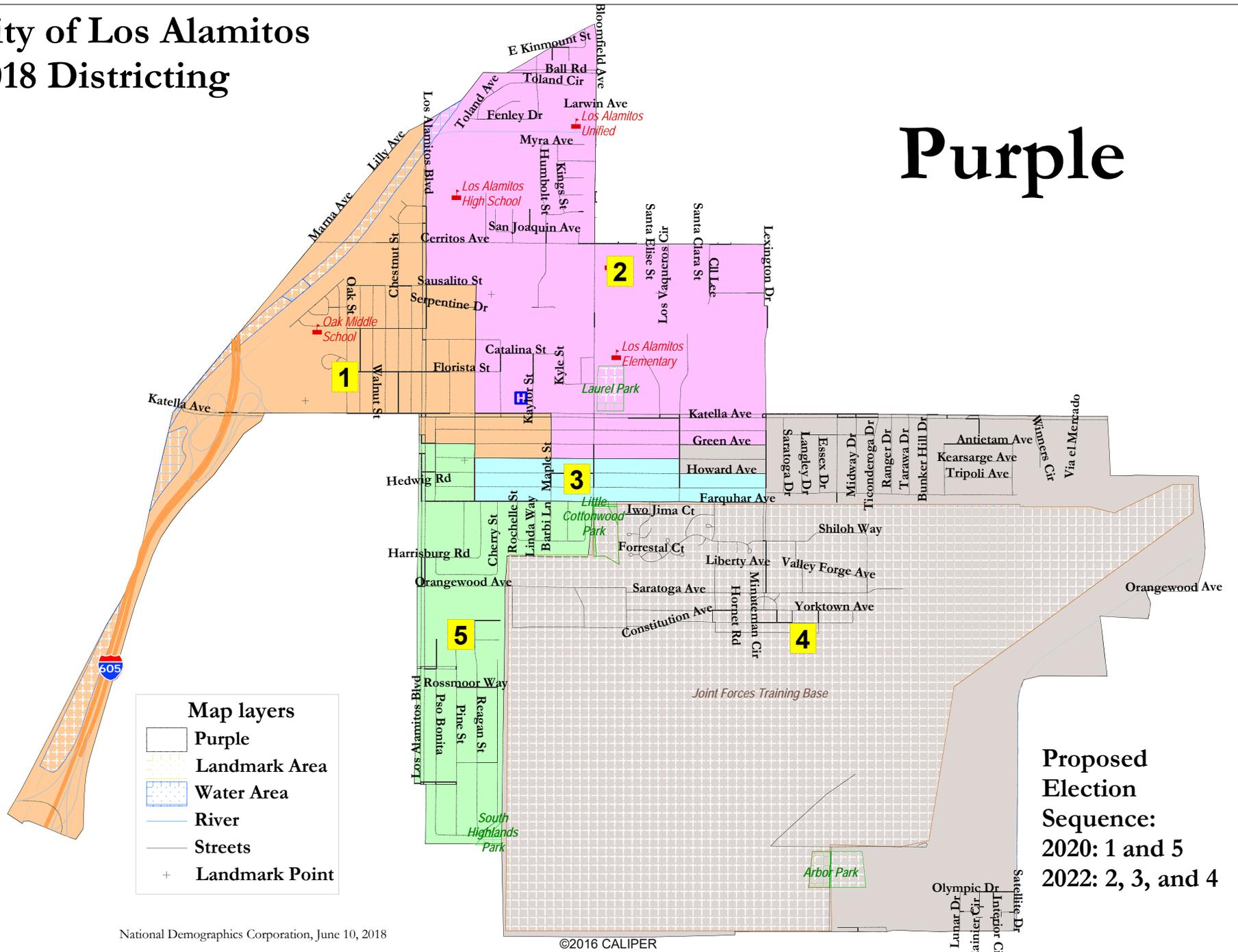
Total population data from the 2010 Decennial Census.

Surname-based Voter Registration and Turnout data from the California Statewide Database.

Latino voter registration and turnout data are Spanish-surname counts adjusted using Census Population Department undercount estimates. NH White and NH Black registration and turnout counts estimated by NDC. Citizen Voting Age Pop., Age, Immigration, and other demographics from the 2012-2016 American Community Survey and Special Tabulation 5-year data.

City of Los Alamitos 2018 Districting

Purple



Map layers

- Purple
- Landmark Area
- Water Area
- River
- Streets
- Landmark Point

**Proposed
Election
Sequence:**
2020: 1 and 5
2022: 2, 3, and 4

Los Alamitos - Purple

| District | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | Total |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------|-------|--------|--------|-------|--------|
| Ideal | Total Pop | 2,258 | 2,410 | 2,239 | 2,211 | 2,291 | 11,409 |
| 2,282 | Deviation from ideal | -24 | 128 | -43 | -71 | 9 | 199 |
| | % Deviation | -1.05% | 5.61% | -1.88% | -3.11% | 0.39% | 8.72% |
| Total Pop | % Hisp | 30% | 16% | 26% | 18% | 17% | 21% |
| | % NH White | 49% | 60% | 51% | 65% | 69% | 59% |
| | % NH Black | 4% | 2% | 5% | 2% | 2% | 3% |
| | % Asian-American | 13% | 20% | 15% | 14% | 9% | 14% |
| Citizen Voting Age Pop | Total | 1,542 | 2,061 | 1,527 | 1,575 | 1,657 | 8,364 |
| | % Hisp | 27% | 9% | 24% | 24% | 15% | 19% |
| | % NH White | 42% | 61% | 54% | 63% | 74% | 59% |
| | % NH Black | 13% | 5% | 9% | 1% | 4% | 6% |
| | % Asian/Pac.Isl. | 14% | 21% | 11% | 10% | 7% | 13% |
| Voter Registration (Nov 2016) | Total | 1,059 | 1,331 | 1,056 | 1,357 | 1,516 | 6,319 |
| | % Latino est. | 25% | 14% | 22% | 15% | 13% | 17% |
| | % Spanish-Surnamed | 22% | 13% | 19% | 13% | 12% | 15% |
| | % Asian-Surnamed | 6% | 9% | 6% | 5% | 5% | 6% |
| | % Filipino-Surnamed | 2% | 2% | 2% | 2% | 1% | 2% |
| | % NH White est. | 53% | 68% | 61% | 72% | 77% | 67% |
| % NH Black | 12% | 5% | 9% | 1% | 4% | 6% | |
| Voter Turnout (Nov 2016) | Total | 804 | 1,088 | 823 | 1,125 | 1,275 | 5,114 |
| | % Latino est. | 25% | 14% | 22% | 14% | 13% | 17% |
| | % Spanish-Surnamed | 22% | 12% | 20% | 13% | 12% | 15% |
| | % Asian-Surnamed | 5% | 9% | 6% | 5% | 5% | 6% |
| | % Filipino-Surnamed | 2% | 1% | 2% | 2% | 1% | 2% |
| | % NH White est. | 53% | 69% | 61% | 72% | 77% | 68% |
| % NH Black | 12% | 5% | 9% | 1% | 3% | 5% | |
| Voter Turnout (Nov 2014) | Total | 393 | 564 | 287 | 608 | 804 | 2,655 |
| | % Latino est. | 20% | 8% | 18% | 11% | 8% | 12% |
| | % Spanish-Surnamed | 18% | 7% | 16% | 10% | 7% | 10% |
| | % Asian-Surnamed | 4% | 9% | 5% | 5% | 5% | 5% |
| | % Filipino-Surnamed | 2% | 0% | 2% | 2% | 1% | 1% |
| | % NH White est. | 73% | 81% | 70% | 78% | 86% | 79% |
| % NH Black est. | 2% | 1% | 5% | 0% | 1% | 1% | |
| ACS Pop. Est. | Total | 2,386 | 2,533 | 2,344 | 2,188 | 2,255 | 11,706 |
| Age | age0-19 | 24% | 27% | 32% | 29% | 28% | 28% |
| | age20-60 | 53% | 54% | 54% | 48% | 47% | 51% |
| | age60plus | 23% | 20% | 14% | 24% | 24% | 21% |
| Immigration | immigrants | 16% | 18% | 17% | 11% | 10% | 15% |
| | naturalized | 73% | 64% | 54% | 63% | 64% | 64% |
| Language spoken at home | english | 76% | 74% | 71% | 84% | 85% | 78% |
| | spanish | 10% | 11% | 15% | 7% | 6% | 10% |
| | asian-lang | 11% | 12% | 10% | 7% | 6% | 9% |
| | other lang | 3% | 3% | 4% | 2% | 2% | 3% |
| Language Fluency | Speaks Eng. "Less than Very Well" | 9% | 10% | 10% | 5% | 4% | 8% |
| Education (among those age 25+) | hs-grad | 46% | 49% | 55% | 51% | 50% | 50% |
| | bachelor | 27% | 26% | 24% | 24% | 24% | 25% |
| | graduatedegree | 16% | 14% | 11% | 20% | 21% | 16% |
| Child in Household | child-under18 | 29% | 32% | 43% | 33% | 32% | 34% |
| Pct of Pop. Age 16+ | employed | 58% | 61% | 68% | 54% | 53% | 59% |
| Household Income | income 0-25k | 13% | 13% | 15% | 12% | 11% | 13% |
| | income 25-50k | 18% | 17% | 19% | 11% | 10% | 15% |
| | income 50-75k | 15% | 18% | 24% | 18% | 18% | 19% |
| | income 75-200k | 43% | 44% | 40% | 47% | 48% | 44% |
| | income 200k-plus | 11% | 8% | 2% | 12% | 13% | 9% |
| Housing Stats | single family | 66% | 54% | 16% | 76% | 82% | 58% |
| | multi-family | 34% | 46% | 84% | 24% | 18% | 42% |
| | rented | 51% | 59% | 90% | 37% | 31% | 55% |
| | owned | 49% | 41% | 10% | 63% | 69% | 45% |

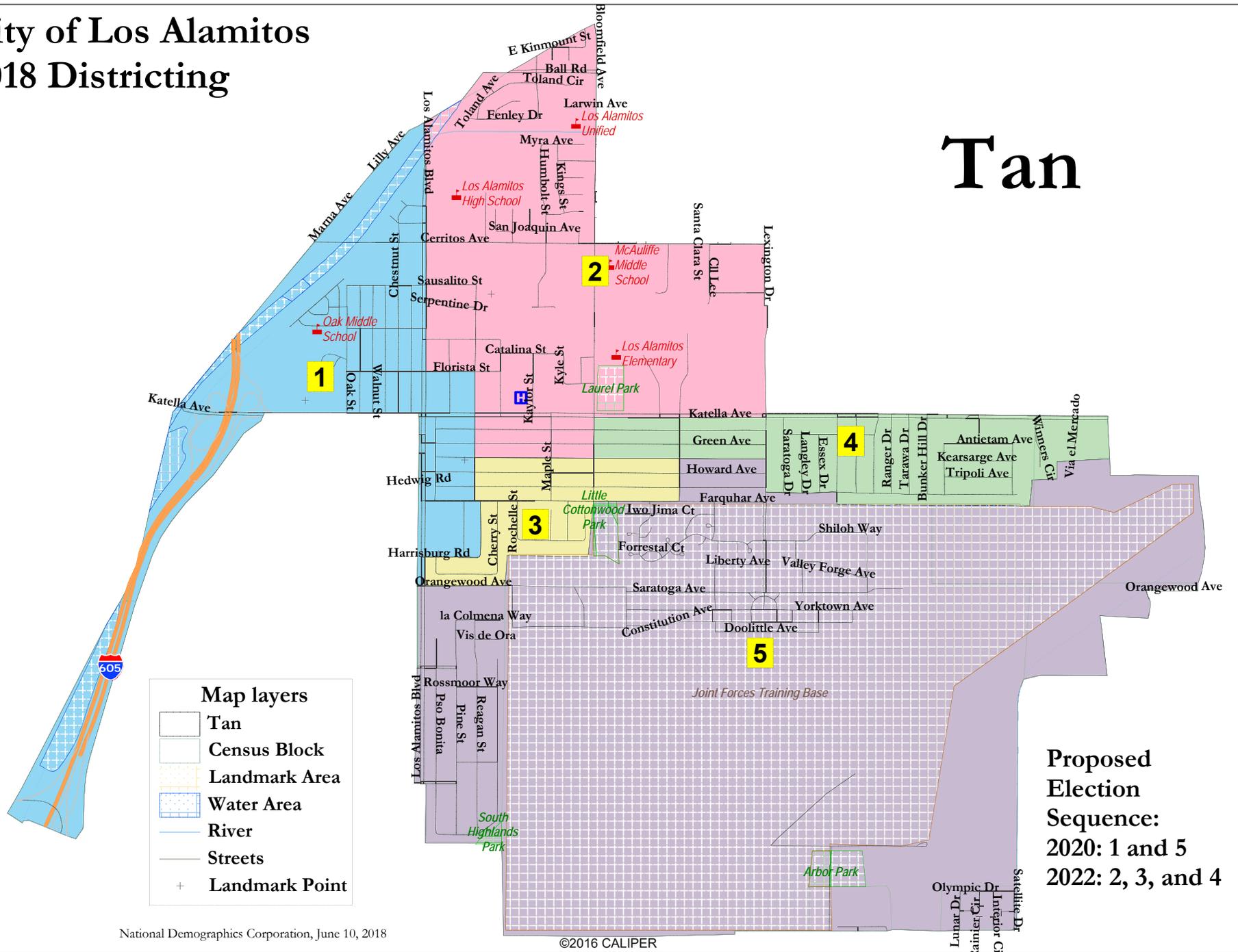
Total population data from the 2010 Decennial Census.

Surname-based Voter Registration and Turnout data from the California Statewide Database.

Latino voter registration and turnout data are Spanish-surname counts adjusted using Census Population Department undercount estimates. NH White and NH Black registration and turnout counts estimated by NDC. Citizen Voting Age Pop., Age, Immigration, and other demographics from the 2012-2016 American Community Survey and Special Tabulation 5-year data.

City of Los Alamitos 2018 Districting

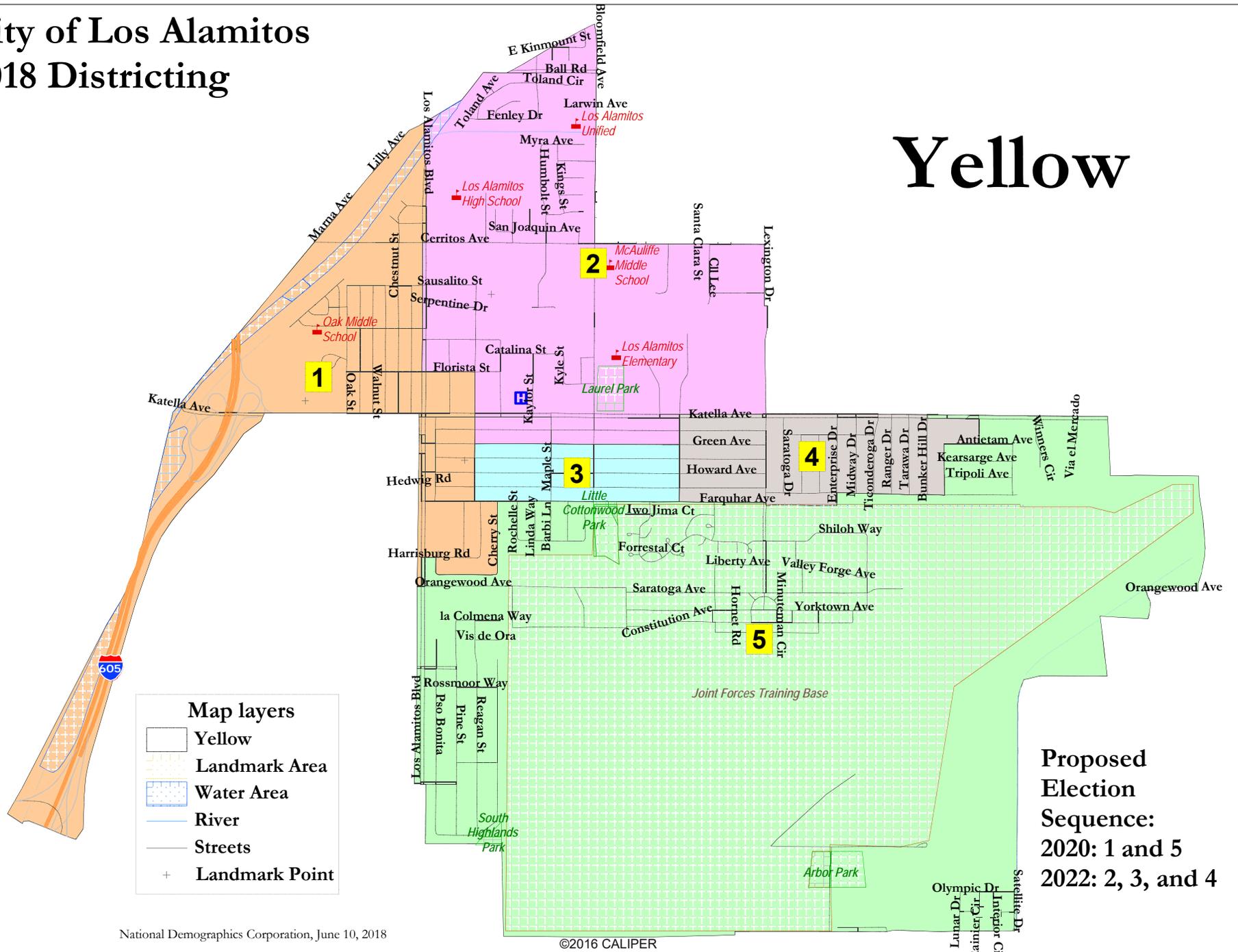
Tan



| Los Alamitos - Tan | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|--------|-------|--------|-------|--------|--------|
| District | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | Total |
| Ideal | Total Pop | 2,215 | 2,287 | 2,265 | 2,376 | 2,266 | 11,409 |
| 2,282 | Deviation from ideal | -67 | 5 | -17 | 94 | -16 | 161 |
| | % Deviation | -2.94% | 0.22% | -0.75% | 4.12% | -0.70% | 7.06% |
| Total Pop | % Hisp | 30% | 17% | 25% | 19% | 15% | 21% |
| | % NH White | 50% | 59% | 54% | 63% | 68% | 59% |
| | % NH Black | 4% | 2% | 5% | 2% | 3% | 3% |
| | % Asian-American | 13% | 19% | 13% | 15% | 12% | 14% |
| Citizen Voting Age Pop | Total | 1,510 | 1,930 | 1,569 | 1,637 | 1,718 | 8,364 |
| | % Hisp | 28% | 9% | 21% | 24% | 16% | 19% |
| | % NH White | 44% | 59% | 60% | 62% | 69% | 59% |
| | % NH Black | 12% | 5% | 9% | 2% | 2% | 6% |
| | % Asian/Pac.Isl. | 11% | 23% | 10% | 12% | 8% | 13% |
| Voter Registration (Nov 2016) | Total | 1,077 | 1,281 | 1,217 | 1,304 | 1,440 | 6,319 |
| | % Latino est. | 24% | 14% | 21% | 16% | 12% | 17% |
| | % Spanish-Surnamed | 22% | 13% | 19% | 15% | 11% | 15% |
| | % Asian-Surnamed | 6% | 9% | 6% | 6% | 6% | 6% |
| | % Filipino-Surnamed | 2% | 2% | 2% | 1% | 1% | 2% |
| | % NH White est. | 54% | 68% | 63% | 69% | 78% | 67% |
| % NH Black | 11% | 5% | 8% | 2% | 3% | 6% | |
| Voter Turnout (Nov 2016) | Total | 821 | 1,059 | 966 | 1,060 | 1,208 | 5,114 |
| | % Latino est. | 25% | 13% | 21% | 16% | 12% | 17% |
| | % Spanish-Surnamed | 22% | 12% | 19% | 14% | 10% | 15% |
| | % Asian-Surnamed | 5% | 8% | 5% | 6% | 6% | 6% |
| | % Filipino-Surnamed | 2% | 2% | 2% | 2% | 1% | 2% |
| | % NH White est. | 55% | 70% | 64% | 70% | 79% | 68% |
| % NH Black | 11% | 5% | 8% | 2% | 2% | 5% | |
| Voter Turnout (Nov 2014) | Total | 388 | 584 | 453 | 548 | 682 | 2,655 |
| | % Latino est. | 19% | 8% | 14% | 12% | 9% | 12% |
| | % Spanish-Surnamed | 17% | 7% | 12% | 11% | 8% | 10% |
| | % Asian-Surnamed | 4% | 9% | 5% | 5% | 4% | 5% |
| | % Filipino-Surnamed | 1% | 1% | 1% | 2% | 1% | 1% |
| | % NH White est. | 73% | 82% | 77% | 75% | 86% | 79% |
| % NH Black est. | 3% | 1% | 3% | 0% | 0% | 1% | |
| ACS Pop. Est. | Total | 2,331 | 2,406 | 2,333 | 2,382 | 2,255 | 11,706 |
| Age | age0-19 | 24% | 26% | 31% | 30% | 29% | 28% |
| | age20-60 | 53% | 54% | 52% | 49% | 48% | 51% |
| | age60plus | 23% | 21% | 16% | 21% | 23% | 21% |
| Immigration | immigrants | 16% | 18% | 15% | 12% | 11% | 15% |
| | naturalized | 73% | 66% | 56% | 60% | 61% | 64% |
| Language spoken at home | english | 77% | 74% | 75% | 81% | 83% | 78% |
| | spanish | 9% | 10% | 12% | 9% | 8% | 10% |
| | asian-lang | 11% | 12% | 9% | 7% | 7% | 9% |
| | other lang | 3% | 3% | 3% | 3% | 2% | 3% |
| Language Fluency | Speaks Eng. "Less than Very Well" | 8% | 10% | 9% | 6% | 5% | 8% |
| Education (among those age 25+) | hs-grad | 46% | 48% | 54% | 52% | 51% | 50% |
| | bachelor | 27% | 26% | 24% | 24% | 24% | 25% |
| | graduatedegree | 16% | 15% | 14% | 18% | 19% | 16% |
| Child in Household | child-under18 | 29% | 31% | 40% | 35% | 34% | 34% |
| Pct of Pop. Age 16+ | employed | 57% | 60% | 64% | 57% | 56% | 59% |
| Household Income | income 0-25k | 13% | 13% | 14% | 13% | 12% | 13% |
| | income 25-50k | 18% | 17% | 17% | 13% | 12% | 15% |
| | income 50-75k | 15% | 17% | 22% | 20% | 19% | 19% |
| | income 75-200k | 43% | 45% | 42% | 45% | 46% | 44% |
| | income 200k-plus | 11% | 9% | 5% | 9% | 11% | 9% |
| Housing Stats | single family | 67% | 60% | 33% | 61% | 70% | 58% |
| | multi-family | 33% | 40% | 67% | 39% | 30% | 42% |
| | rented | 50% | 55% | 76% | 50% | 43% | 55% |
| | owned | 50% | 45% | 24% | 50% | 57% | 45% |
| Total population data from the 2010 Decennial Census. | | | | | | | |
| Surname-based Voter Registration and Turnout data from the California Statewide Database. | | | | | | | |
| Latino voter registration and turnout data are Spanish-surname counts adjusted using Census Population Department undercount estimates. NH White and NH Black registration and turnout counts estimated by NDC. Citizen Voting Age Pop., Age, Immigration, and other demographics from the 2012-2016 American Community Survey and Special Tabulation 5-year data. | | | | | | | |

City of Los Alamitos 2018 Districting

Yellow

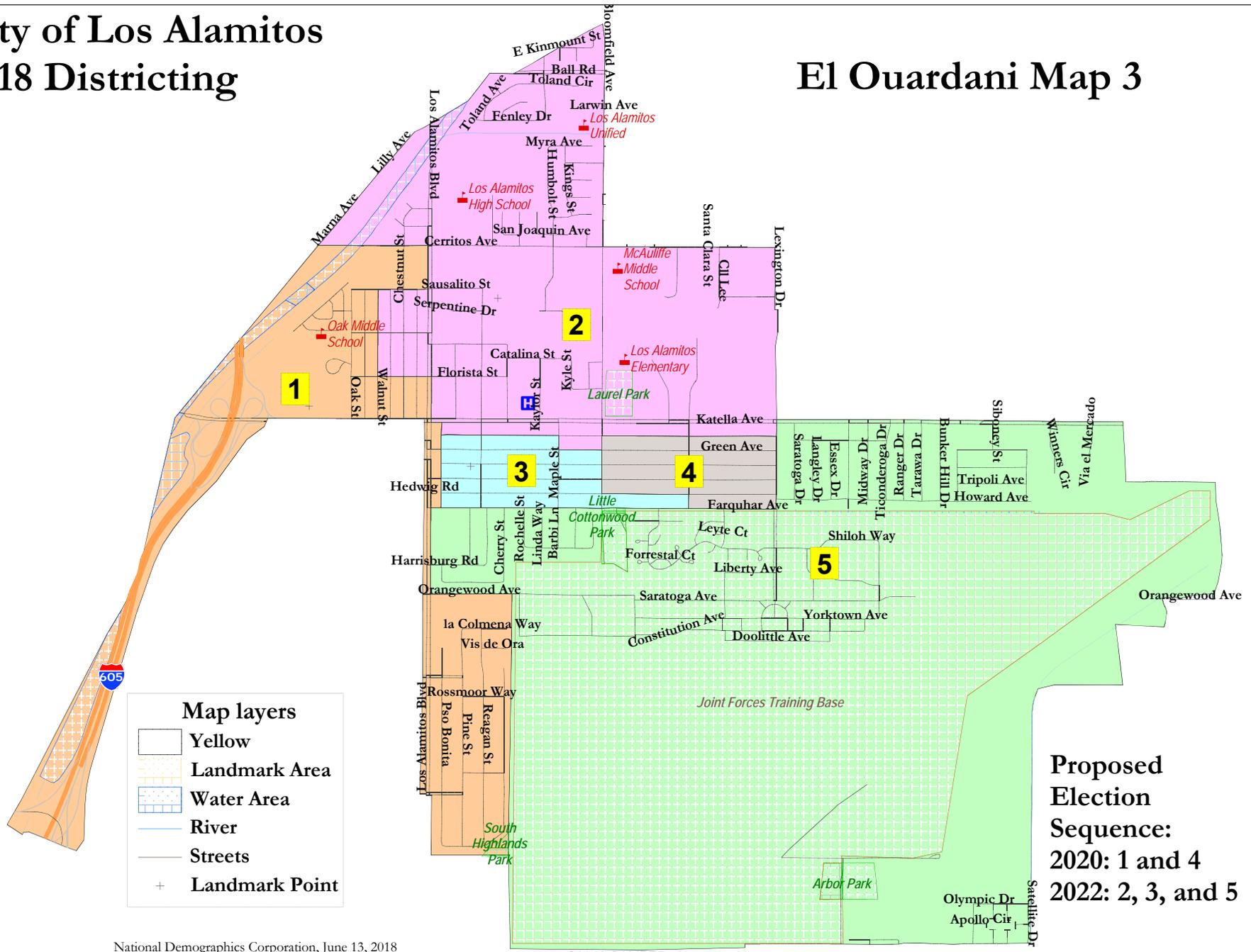


Los Alamitos - Yellow

| District | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | Total |
|--|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|--------|
| <u>Ideal</u> | Total Pop | 2,282 | 2,288 | 2,306 | 2,226 | 2,307 | 11,409 |
| 2,282 | Deviation from ideal | 0 | 6 | 24 | -56 | 25 | 81 |
| | % Deviation | 0.00% | 0.26% | 1.05% | -2.45% | 1.10% | 3.55% |
| Total Pop | % Hisp | 24% | 20% | 28% | 20% | 13% | 21% |
| | % NH White | 55% | 59% | 49% | 57% | 73% | 59% |
| | % NH Black | 4% | 2% | 5% | 4% | 1% | 3% |
| | % Asian-American | 13% | 15% | 15% | 17% | 11% | 14% |
| Citizen Voting Age Pop | Total | 1,601 | 1,951 | 1,517 | 1,636 | 1,660 | 8,364 |
| | % Hisp | 20% | 15% | 22% | 26% | 13% | 19% |
| | % NH White | 55% | 56% | 55% | 54% | 76% | 59% |
| | % NH Black | 9% | 7% | 9% | 4% | 1% | 6% |
| | % Asian/Pac.Isl. | 12% | 18% | 13% | 12% | 10% | 13% |
| Voter Registration (Nov 2016) | Total | 1,163 | 1,359 | 1,087 | 1,161 | 1,549 | 6,319 |
| | % Latino est. | 23% | 16% | 22% | 19% | 10% | 17% |
| | % Spanish-Surnamed | 20% | 14% | 19% | 17% | 9% | 15% |
| | % Asian-Surnamed | 5% | 8% | 6% | 7% | 5% | 6% |
| | % Filipino-Surnamed | 2% | 2% | 2% | 1% | 1% | 2% |
| | % NH White est. | 59% | 66% | 61% | 62% | 82% | 67% |
| | % NH Black | 9% | 7% | 9% | 4% | 1% | 6% |
| Voter Turnout (Nov 2016) | Total | 911 | 1,109 | 852 | 907 | 1,336 | 5,114 |
| | % Latino est. | 23% | 15% | 22% | 19% | 10% | 17% |
| | % Spanish-Surnamed | 20% | 13% | 20% | 17% | 9% | 15% |
| | % Asian-Surnamed | 5% | 8% | 5% | 7% | 5% | 6% |
| | % Filipino-Surnamed | 2% | 1% | 2% | 1% | 1% | 2% |
| | % NH White est. | 60% | 68% | 62% | 62% | 83% | 68% |
| % NH Black | 9% | 7% | 9% | 4% | 1% | 5% | |
| Voter Turnout (Nov 2014) | Total | 476 | 640 | 302 | 365 | 872 | 2,655 |
| | % Latino est. | 13% | 11% | 17% | 15% | 8% | 12% |
| | % Spanish-Surnamed | 12% | 10% | 15% | 13% | 7% | 10% |
| | % Asian-Surnamed | 5% | 6% | 5% | 9% | 4% | 5% |
| | % Filipino-Surnamed | 1% | 0% | 3% | 1% | 1% | 1% |
| | % NH White est. | 78% | 82% | 71% | 74% | 83% | 79% |
| | % NH Black est. | 2% | 1% | 5% | 1% | 0% | 1% |
| ACS Pop. Est. | Total | 2,349 | 2,424 | 2,415 | 2,279 | 2,239 | 11,706 |
| Age | age0-19 | 28% | 21% | 32% | 31% | 27% | 28% |
| | age20-60 | 52% | 53% | 54% | 52% | 45% | 51% |
| | age60plus | 20% | 26% | 14% | 18% | 27% | 21% |
| Immigration | immigrants | 15% | 17% | 17% | 15% | 8% | 15% |
| | naturalized | 64% | 77% | 54% | 57% | 69% | 64% |
| Language spoken at home | english | 78% | 77% | 71% | 76% | 89% | 78% |
| | spanish | 10% | 8% | 15% | 12% | 4% | 10% |
| | asian-lang | 9% | 12% | 10% | 9% | 5% | 9% |
| | other lang | 3% | 2% | 4% | 3% | 2% | 3% |
| Language Fluency | Speaks Eng. "Less than Very Well" | 8% | 9% | 10% | 8% | 3% | 8% |
| Education (among those age 25+) | hs-grad | 50% | 44% | 55% | 54% | 49% | 50% |
| | bachelor | 25% | 28% | 24% | 24% | 23% | 25% |
| | graduatedegree | 16% | 18% | 11% | 14% | 23% | 16% |
| Child in Household | child-under18 | 34% | 25% | 43% | 38% | 29% | 34% |
| Pct of Pop. Age 16+ | employed | 59% | 55% | 68% | 62% | 50% | 59% |
| Household Income | income 0-25k | 13% | 12% | 15% | 14% | 10% | 13% |
| | income 25-50k | 16% | 17% | 19% | 15% | 8% | 15% |
| | income 50-75k | 18% | 13% | 24% | 21% | 16% | 19% |
| | income 75-200k | 44% | 44% | 40% | 44% | 50% | 44% |
| | income 200k-plus | 9% | 14% | 2% | 5% | 16% | 9% |
| Housing Stats | single family | 58% | 82% | 16% | 41% | 99% | 58% |
| | multi-family | 42% | 18% | 84% | 59% | 1% | 42% |
| | rented | 55% | 39% | 90% | 68% | 16% | 55% |
| | owned | 45% | 61% | 10% | 32% | 84% | 45% |
| Total population data from the 2010 Decennial Census. | | | | | | | |
| Surname-based Voter Registration and Turnout data from the California Statewide Database. | | | | | | | |
| Latino voter registration and turnout data are Spanish-surname counts adjusted using Census Population Department undercount estimates. NH White and NH Black registration and turnout counts estimated by NDC. Citizen Voting Age Pop., Age, Immigration, and other demographics from the 2012-2016 American Community Survey and Special Tabulation 5-year data. | | | | | | | |

City of Los Alamitos 2018 Districting

El Ouardani Map 3



Map layers

- Yellow
- Landmark Area
- Water Area
- River
- Streets
- + Landmark Point

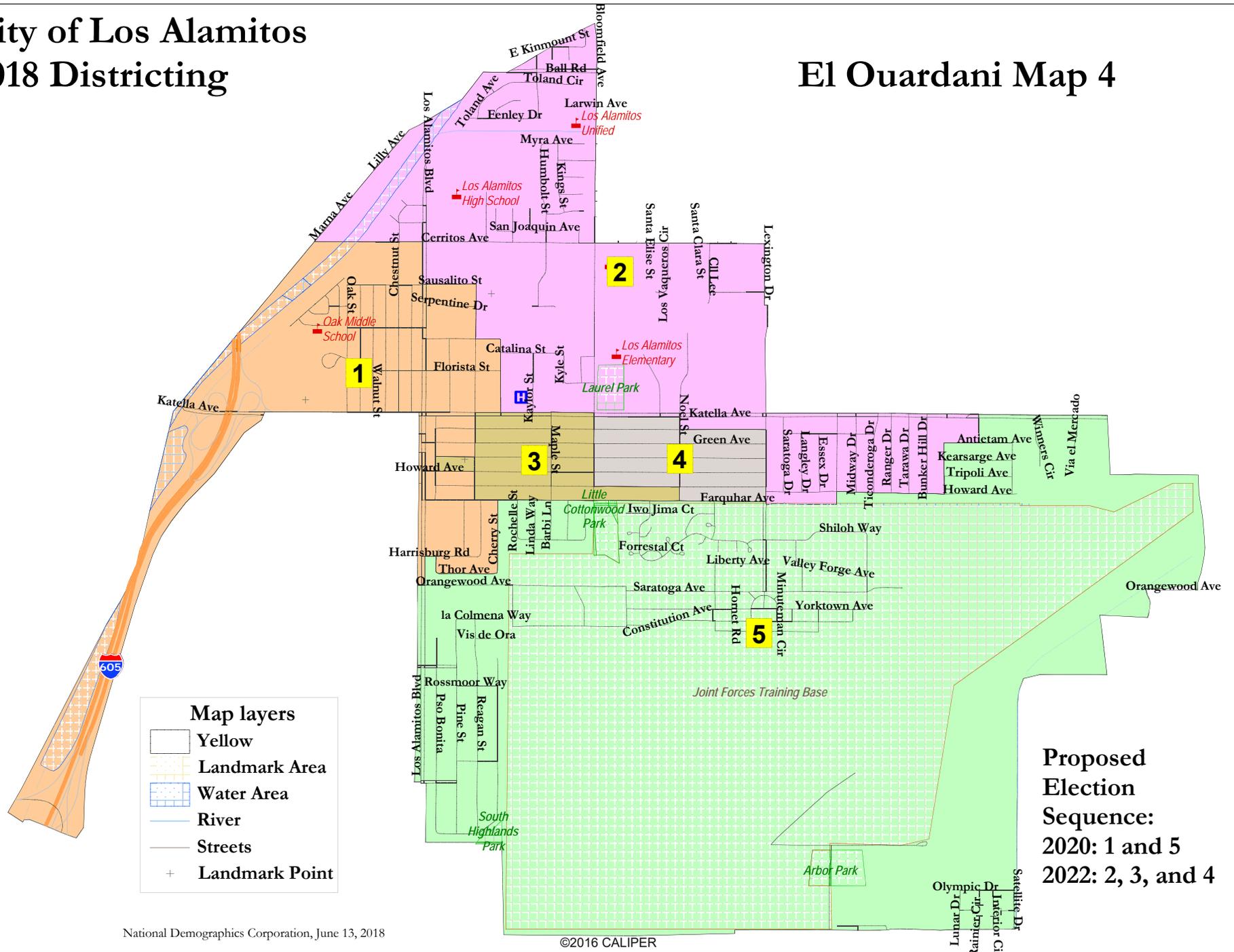
Proposed Election Sequence:
 2020: 1 and 4
 2022: 2, 3, and 5

Los Alamitos - El Oaurdani Map 3

| District | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | Total |
|--|-----------------------------------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|--------|
| <u>Ideal</u> | Total Pop | 2,222 | 2,333 | 2,366 | 2,199 | 2,289 | 11,409 |
| 2,282 | Deviation from ideal | -60 | 51 | 84 | -83 | 7 | 167 |
| | % Deviation | -2.63% | 2.23% | 3.68% | -3.64% | 0.31% | 7.32% |
| Total Pop | % Hisp | 19% | 18% | 27% | 25% | 16% | 21% |
| | % NH White | 64% | 59% | 49% | 51% | 71% | 59% |
| | % NH Black | 3% | 2% | 5% | 5% | 2% | 3% |
| | % Asian-American | 11% | 18% | 15% | 17% | 10% | 14% |
| Citizen Voting Age Pop | Total | 1,565 | 2,064 | 1,442 | 1,660 | 1,632 | 8,364 |
| | % Hisp | 18% | 11% | 23% | 26% | 20% | 19% |
| | % NH White | 63% | 55% | 56% | 52% | 71% | 59% |
| | % NH Black | 6% | 8% | 7% | 7% | 1% | 6% |
| | % Asian/Pac.Isl. | 9% | 22% | 13% | 11% | 9% | 13% |
| Voter Registration (Nov 2016) | Total | 1,351 | 1,310 | 1,128 | 962 | 1,568 | 6,319 |
| | % Latino est. | 14% | 15% | 21% | 22% | 16% | 17% |
| | % Spanish-Surnamed | 13% | 13% | 19% | 20% | 14% | 15% |
| | % Asian-Surnamed | 5% | 9% | 6% | 8% | 5% | 6% |
| | % Filipino-Surnamed | 1% | 2% | 3% | 1% | 1% | 2% |
| | % NH White est. | 71% | 66% | 62% | 61% | 72% | 67% |
| | % NH Black | 6% | 7% | 8% | 8% | 1% | 6% |
| Voter Turnout (Nov 2016) | Total | 1,118 | 1,074 | 889 | 722 | 1,311 | 5,114 |
| | % Latino est. | 14% | 14% | 22% | 23% | 15% | 17% |
| | % Spanish-Surnamed | 12% | 13% | 20% | 21% | 13% | 15% |
| | % Asian-Surnamed | 5% | 8% | 5% | 8% | 5% | 6% |
| | % Filipino-Surnamed | 1% | 1% | 3% | 1% | 1% | 2% |
| | % NH White est. | 73% | 67% | 63% | 60% | 73% | 68% |
| Voter Turnout (Nov 2014) | Total | 660 | 626 | 331 | 232 | 806 | 2,655 |
| | % Latino est. | 11% | 9% | 15% | 22% | 10% | 12% |
| | % Spanish-Surnamed | 10% | 8% | 13% | 20% | 9% | 10% |
| | % Asian-Surnamed | 4% | 8% | 5% | 7% | 5% | 5% |
| | % Filipino-Surnamed | 1% | 0% | 3% | 1% | 1% | 1% |
| | % NH White est. | 84% | 81% | 72% | 69% | 80% | 79% |
| ACS Pop. Est. | Total | 2,243 | 2,461 | 2,477 | 2,303 | 2,222 | 11,706 |
| | Age | | | | | | |
| Age | age0-19 | 25% | 23% | 32% | 32% | 27% | 28% |
| | age20-60 | 49% | 53% | 54% | 54% | 45% | 51% |
| | age60plus | 26% | 24% | 14% | 14% | 27% | 21% |
| Immigration | immigrants | 12% | 17% | 17% | 17% | 8% | 15% |
| | naturalized | 76% | 72% | 54% | 54% | 69% | 64% |
| Language spoken at home | english | 84% | 76% | 71% | 71% | 89% | 78% |
| | spanish | 6% | 9% | 15% | 15% | 4% | 10% |
| | asian-lang | 8% | 12% | 10% | 10% | 5% | 9% |
| | other lang | 2% | 3% | 4% | 4% | 2% | 3% |
| Language Fluency | Speaks Eng. "Less than Very Well" | 5% | 9% | 10% | 10% | 3% | 8% |
| Education (among those age 25+) | hs-grad | 46% | 46% | 55% | 55% | 49% | 50% |
| | bachelor | 26% | 27% | 24% | 24% | 23% | 25% |
| | graduatedegree | 20% | 16% | 11% | 11% | 23% | 16% |
| Child in Household | child-under18 | 27% | 26% | 43% | 43% | 29% | 34% |
| Pct of Pop. Age 16+ | employed | 52% | 57% | 68% | 68% | 50% | 59% |
| Household Income | income 0-25k | 11% | 12% | 15% | 15% | 10% | 13% |
| | income 25-50k | 13% | 16% | 19% | 19% | 8% | 15% |
| | income 50-75k | 14% | 14% | 24% | 24% | 16% | 19% |
| | income 75-200k | 47% | 46% | 40% | 40% | 50% | 44% |
| | income 200k-plus | 15% | 12% | 2% | 2% | 16% | 9% |
| Housing Stats | single family | 91% | 79% | 16% | 16% | 99% | 58% |
| | multi-family | 9% | 21% | 84% | 84% | 1% | 42% |
| | rented | 28% | 41% | 90% | 90% | 16% | 55% |
| | owned | 72% | 59% | 10% | 10% | 84% | 45% |
| Total population data from the 2010 Decennial Census. | | | | | | | |
| Surname-based Voter Registration and Turnout data from the California Statewide Database. | | | | | | | |
| Latino voter registration and turnout data are Spanish-surname counts adjusted using Census Population Department undercount estimates. NH White and NH Black registration and turnout counts estimated by NDC. Citizen Voting Age Pop., Age, Immigration, and other demographics from the 2012-2016 American Community Survey and Special Tabulation 5-year data. | | | | | | | |

City of Los Alamitos 2018 Districting

El Ouardani Map 4



National Demographics Corporation, June 13, 2018

©2016 CALIPER

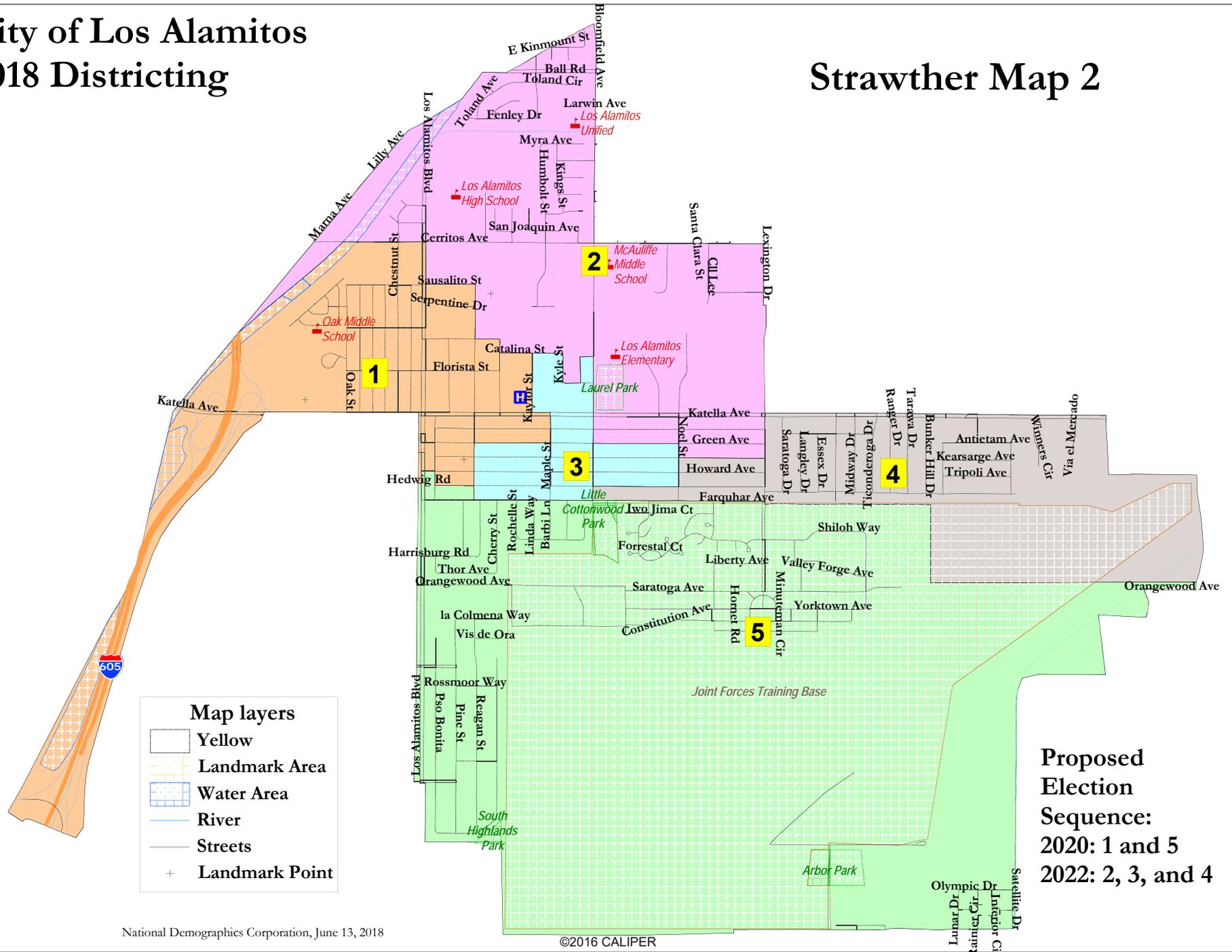
**Proposed
Election
Sequence:
2020: 1 and 5
2022: 2, 3, and 4**

Los Alamitos - El Oaurdani Map 4

| District | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | Total | |
|--|-----------------------------------|----------|--------|-------|--------|-------|--------|-----|
| <u>Ideal</u> | Total Pop | 2,329 | 2,254 | 2,293 | 2,199 | 2,334 | 11,409 | |
| 2,282 | Deviation from ideal | 47 | -28 | 11 | -83 | 52 | 135 | |
| | % Deviation | 2.06% | -1.23% | 0.48% | -3.64% | 2.28% | 5.92% | |
| Total Pop | % Hisp | 30% | 13% | 24% | 25% | 14% | 21% | |
| | % NH White | 49% | 68% | 53% | 51% | 73% | 59% | |
| | % NH Black | 4% | 1% | 5% | 5% | 1% | 3% | |
| | % Asian-American | 13% | 16% | 16% | 17% | 10% | 14% | |
| Citizen Voting Age Pop | Total | 1,654 | 1,914 | 1,392 | 1,660 | 1,744 | 8,364 | |
| | % Hisp | 27% | 12% | 19% | 26% | 13% | 19% | |
| | % NH White | 45% | 63% | 58% | 52% | 76% | 59% | |
| | % NH Black | 10% | 4% | 7% | 7% | 2% | 6% | |
| | % Asian/Pac.Isl. | 13% | 18% | 16% | 11% | 8% | 13% | |
| Voter Registration (Nov 2016) | Total | 1,171 | 1,510 | 993 | 962 | 1,683 | 6,319 | |
| | % Latino est. | 25% | 11% | 21% | 22% | 12% | 17% | |
| | % Spanish-Surnamed | 22% | 10% | 19% | 20% | 11% | 15% | |
| | % Asian-Surnamed | 5% | 8% | 6% | 8% | 5% | 6% | |
| | % Filipino-Surnamed | 2% | 1% | 3% | 1% | 1% | 2% | |
| | % NH White est. | 56% | 69% | 62% | 61% | 80% | 67% | |
| Voter Turnout (Nov 2016) | % NH Black | 10% | 3% | 8% | 8% | 2% | 6% | |
| | Total | 891 | 1,280 | 783 | 722 | 1,438 | 5,114 | |
| | % Latino est. | 25% | 11% | 22% | 23% | 11% | 17% | |
| | % Spanish-Surnamed | 23% | 10% | 20% | 21% | 10% | 15% | |
| | % Asian-Surnamed | 5% | 7% | 5% | 8% | 5% | 6% | |
| | % Filipino-Surnamed | 2% | 1% | 3% | 1% | 1% | 2% | |
| Voter Turnout (Nov 2014) | % NH White est. | 56% | 71% | 63% | 60% | 81% | 68% | |
| | % NH Black | 10% | 3% | 8% | 7% | 2% | 5% | |
| | Total | 416 | 743 | 307 | 232 | 957 | 2,655 | |
| | % Latino est. | 20% | 7% | 15% | 22% | 8% | 12% | |
| | % Spanish-Surnamed | 18% | 6% | 13% | 20% | 7% | 10% | |
| | % Asian-Surnamed | 4% | 8% | 4% | 7% | 4% | 5% | |
| ACS Pop. Est. | % Filipino-Surnamed | 1% | 1% | 3% | 1% | 1% | 1% | |
| | % NH White est. | 72% | 84% | 73% | 69% | 84% | 79% | |
| | % NH Black est. | 2% | 1% | 5% | 1% | 0% | 1% | |
| | Total | 2,440 | 2,297 | 2,401 | 2,303 | 2,266 | 11,706 | |
| | Age | age0-19 | 24% | 24% | 32% | 32% | 27% | 28% |
| | | age20-60 | 52% | 50% | 54% | 54% | 45% | 51% |
| age60plus | | 24% | 26% | 14% | 14% | 27% | 21% | |
| Immigration | immigrants | 16% | 14% | 17% | 17% | 8% | 15% | |
| | naturalized | 74% | 73% | 54% | 54% | 69% | 64% | |
| Language spoken at home | english | 78% | 81% | 71% | 71% | 89% | 78% | |
| | spanish | 9% | 6% | 15% | 15% | 4% | 10% | |
| | asian-lang | 11% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 5% | 9% | |
| | other lang | 3% | 2% | 4% | 4% | 2% | 3% | |
| Language Fluency | Speaks Eng. "Less than Very Well" | 8% | 7% | 10% | 10% | 3% | 8% | |
| Education (among those age 25+) | hs-grad | 46% | 47% | 55% | 55% | 49% | 50% | |
| | bachelor | 27% | 26% | 24% | 24% | 23% | 25% | |
| | graduatedegree | 17% | 19% | 11% | 11% | 23% | 16% | |
| Child in Household | child-under18 | 28% | 26% | 43% | 43% | 29% | 34% | |
| Pct of Pop. Age 16+ | employed | 56% | 53% | 68% | 68% | 50% | 59% | |
| Household Income | income 0-25k | 13% | 11% | 15% | 15% | 10% | 13% | |
| | income 25-50k | 17% | 12% | 19% | 19% | 8% | 15% | |
| | income 50-75k | 14% | 14% | 24% | 24% | 16% | 19% | |
| | income 75-200k | 44% | 49% | 40% | 40% | 50% | 44% | |
| | income 200k-plus | 12% | 13% | 2% | 2% | 16% | 9% | |
| Housing Stats | single family | 72% | 90% | 16% | 16% | 99% | 58% | |
| | multi-family | 28% | 10% | 84% | 84% | 1% | 42% | |
| | rented | 46% | 28% | 90% | 90% | 16% | 55% | |
| | owned | 54% | 72% | 10% | 10% | 84% | 45% | |
| Total population data from the 2010 Decennial Census. | | | | | | | | |
| Surname-based Voter Registration and Turnout data from the California Statewide Database. | | | | | | | | |
| Latino voter registration and turnout data are Spanish-surname counts adjusted using Census Population Department undercount estimates. NH White and NH Black registration and turnout counts estimated by NDC. Citizen Voting Age Pop., Age, Immigration, and other demographics from the 2012-2016 American Community Survey and Special Tabulation 5-year data. | | | | | | | | |

City of Los Alamitos 2018 Districting

Strawther Map 2



**Proposed
Election
Sequence:
2020: 1 and 5
2022: 2, 3, and 4**

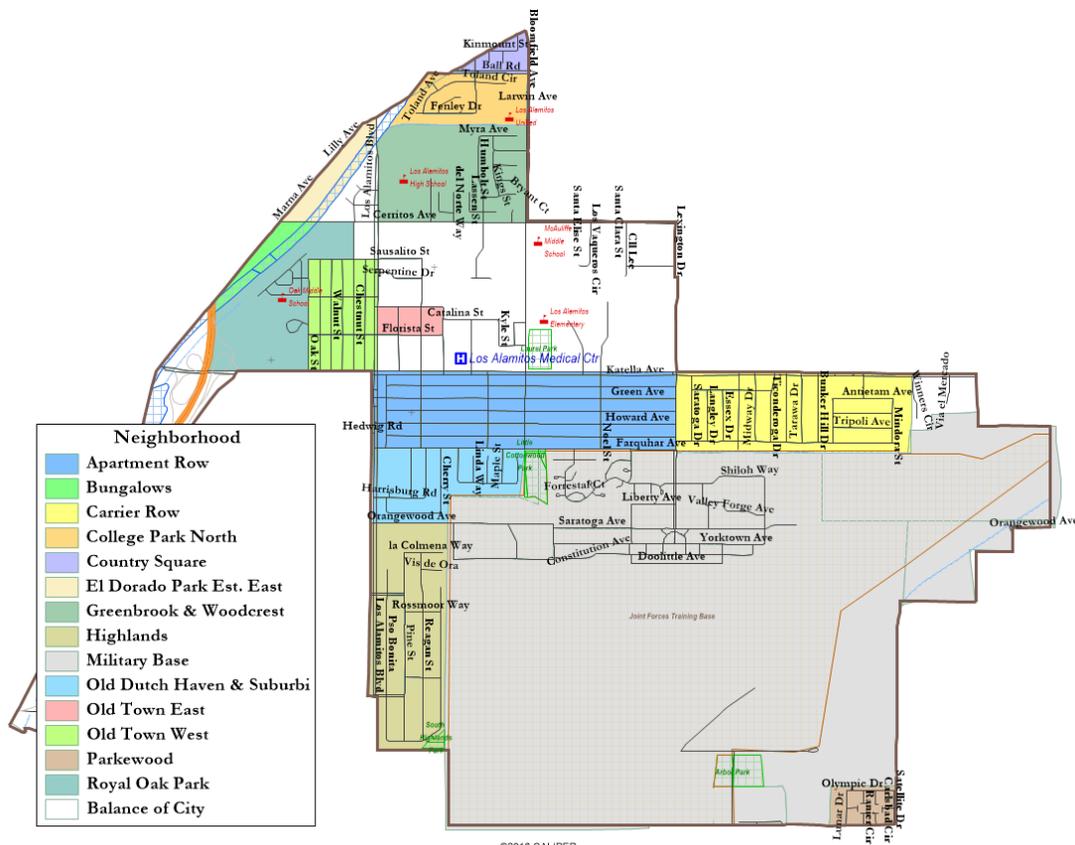
Los Alamitos - Strawther Map 2

| District | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | Total |
|--|-----------------------------------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|--------|
| <u>Ideal</u> | Total Pop | 2,249 | 2,186 | 2,404 | 2,364 | 2,206 | 11,409 |
| 2,282 | Deviation from ideal | -33 | -96 | 122 | 82 | -76 | 218 |
| | % Deviation | -1.45% | -4.21% | 5.35% | 3.59% | -3.33% | 9.55% |
| Total Pop | % Hisp | 31% | 15% | 26% | 19% | 15% | 21% |
| | % NH White | 46% | 61% | 52% | 64% | 72% | 59% |
| | % NH Black | 4% | 2% | 4% | 3% | 2% | 3% |
| | % Asian-American | 15% | 21% | 15% | 12% | 9% | 14% |
| Citizen Voting Age Pop | Total | 1,557 | 1,930 | 1,545 | 1,679 | 1,653 | 8,364 |
| | % Hisp | 27% | 12% | 20% | 25% | 12% | 19% |
| | % NH White | 41% | 59% | 56% | 60% | 77% | 59% |
| | % NH Black | 11% | 6% | 8% | 2% | 3% | 6% |
| | % Asian/Pac.Isl. | 15% | 19% | 15% | 9% | 7% | 13% |
| Voter Registration (Nov 2016) | Total | 1,133 | 1,233 | 1,016 | 1,384 | 1,553 | 6,319 |
| | % Latino est. | 25% | 13% | 21% | 16% | 13% | 17% |
| | % Spanish-Surnamed | 23% | 12% | 19% | 15% | 11% | 15% |
| | % Asian-Surnamed | 5% | 10% | 6% | 5% | 5% | 6% |
| | % Filipino-Surnamed | 3% | 1% | 2% | 1% | 1% | 2% |
| | % NH White est. | 54% | 68% | 61% | 69% | 78% | 67% |
| Voter Turnout (Nov 2016) | Total | 857 | 1,014 | 793 | 1,130 | 1,319 | 5,114 |
| | % Latino est. | 26% | 13% | 22% | 16% | 12% | 17% |
| | % Spanish-Surnamed | 23% | 11% | 20% | 14% | 11% | 15% |
| | % Asian-Surnamed | 5% | 9% | 5% | 6% | 5% | 6% |
| | % Filipino-Surnamed | 2% | 1% | 3% | 1% | 1% | 2% |
| | % NH White est. | 54% | 69% | 61% | 70% | 79% | 68% |
| Voter Turnout (Nov 2014) | Total | 377 | 563 | 289 | 580 | 847 | 2,655 |
| | % Latino est. | 22% | 7% | 16% | 13% | 8% | 12% |
| | % Spanish-Surnamed | 19% | 7% | 15% | 11% | 7% | 10% |
| | % Asian-Surnamed | 4% | 9% | 5% | 5% | 4% | 5% |
| | % Filipino-Surnamed | 2% | 0% | 3% | 2% | 1% | 1% |
| | % NH White est. | 70% | 82% | 71% | 75% | 87% | 79% |
| ACS Pop. Est. | Total | 2,375 | 2,300 | 2,517 | 2,366 | 2,148 | 11,706 |
| | Age | | | | | | |
| Age | age0-19 | 24% | 26% | 32% | 29% | 28% | 28% |
| | age20-60 | 53% | 54% | 54% | 49% | 46% | 51% |
| | age60plus | 22% | 21% | 14% | 21% | 26% | 21% |
| Immigration | immigrants | 16% | 18% | 17% | 12% | 9% | 15% |
| | naturalized | 72% | 67% | 54% | 60% | 68% | 64% |
| Language spoken at home | english | 76% | 75% | 71% | 82% | 88% | 78% |
| | spanish | 10% | 10% | 15% | 9% | 5% | 10% |
| | asian-lang | 11% | 12% | 10% | 7% | 5% | 9% |
| | other lang | 3% | 3% | 4% | 3% | 2% | 3% |
| Language Fluency | Speaks Eng. "Less than Very Well" | 9% | 10% | 10% | 6% | 3% | 8% |
| Education (among those age 25+) | hs-grad | 46% | 48% | 55% | 52% | 50% | 50% |
| | bachelor | 27% | 27% | 24% | 24% | 24% | 25% |
| | graduatedegree | 16% | 15% | 11% | 18% | 22% | 16% |
| Child in Household | child-under18 | 30% | 31% | 43% | 35% | 30% | 34% |
| Pct of Pop. Age 16+ | employed | 58% | 59% | 68% | 57% | 51% | 59% |
| Household Income | income 0-25k | 13% | 13% | 15% | 13% | 10% | 13% |
| | income 25-50k | 18% | 17% | 19% | 13% | 9% | 15% |
| | income 50-75k | 16% | 17% | 24% | 20% | 16% | 19% |
| | income 75-200k | 42% | 44% | 40% | 45% | 50% | 44% |
| | income 200k-plus | 11% | 8% | 2% | 9% | 15% | 9% |
| Housing Stats | single family | 63% | 59% | 16% | 61% | 96% | 58% |
| | multi-family | 37% | 41% | 84% | 39% | 4% | 42% |
| | rented | 54% | 56% | 90% | 50% | 19% | 55% |
| | owned | 46% | 44% | 10% | 50% | 81% | 45% |
| Total population data from the 2010 Decennial Census. | | | | | | | |
| Surname-based Voter Registration and Turnout data from the California Statewide Database. | | | | | | | |
| Latino voter registration and turnout data are Spanish-surname counts adjusted using Census Population Department undercount estimates. NH White and NH Black registration and turnout counts estimated by NDC. Citizen Voting Age Pop., Age, Immigration, and other demographics from the 2012-2016 American Community Survey and Special Tabulation 5-year data. | | | | | | | |

Los Alamitos Population by Neighborhood

| Neighborhood(s) | Number(s) on Map | Population | Housing Units |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Apartment Row | 11 | 4,905 | 1,912 |
| Bungalows | 16 | 93 | 50 |
| Carrier Row & New Dutch Haven | 12 & 13 | 1,427 | 469 |
| College Park North | 2 | 326 | 113 |
| Country Square | 1 | 121 | 38 |
| El Dorado Park Estates East | 15 | 114 | 33 |
| Greenbrook & Woodcrest | 3 & 4 | 639 | 217 |
| Highlands | 9 | 1,259 | 415 |
| Old Dutch Haven & Suburbia | 7 & 8 | 620 | 215 |
| Old Town East | 6 | 197 | 80 |
| Old Town West | 5 | 1,158 | 445 |
| Parkwood | 10 | 198 | 100 |
| Royal Oak Park | 14 | 157 | 110 |
| Military Base | | 44 | 13 |
| Balance of City | | 151 | 84 |
| Total | | 11,409 | 4,293 |

Map of blocks included in each neighborhood



TIMELINE: CONSIDERATION AND IMPLEMENTATION OF DISTRICT-BASED ELECTIONS SYSTEM

| DATE | EVENT | COMMENT |
|----------------------------|---|--|
| March 29, 2018 | City received Notice of Violation of CVRA | City has 45 days (May 12, 2018) to adopt a Resolution of Intention to transition to district elections |
| May 11, 2018 | Informational Report | Staff presented a report to the City Council on the Notice of Violation |
| May 11, 2018 | Resolution of Intention | 90-Day Safe Harbor begins (Ends August 9, 2018) |
| May 29, 2018 6:00 p.m. | First Public Hearing | Council hearing regarding composition of districts. No maps to be drawn yet. |
| June 4, 2018 6:00 p.m. | Second Public Hearing | Council hearing regarding composition of districts. No maps to be drawn yet. <i>First and second public hearings must occur within a period of 30 days.</i> |
| June 7, 2018 | Post Draft Maps and Potential Sequence of Elections | Draft maps and proposed sequence must be posted publicly at least 7 days before next hearing. |
| June 18, 2018 5:00 p.m. | Third Public Hearing | Council hearing regarding published drafts maps. <i>Third and fourth public hearings must occur within a period of 45 days.</i> |
| June 19, 2018 | Post Draft Maps and Potential Sequence of Elections | Draft maps and proposed sequence must be posted publicly at least 7 days before next hearing. |
| July 9, 2018 6:00 p.m. | Fourth Public Hearing | Council hearing regarding published drafts maps. <i>If selected map is amended, ordinance cannot be introduced until 7 days after the amended map is published.</i> |
| July 9, 2018 | Post Amended Draft Maps | Draft maps and proposed sequence must be posted publicly at least 7 days before being adopted. |
| July 16, 2018 6:00 p.m. | Fifth Public Hearing | Council introduces ordinance establishing district elections, selects map, includes district boundaries and elections sequence |
| August 20, 2018 | Ordinance Adoption | Second reading and adoption of Ordinance. |
| September 2018 | County Elections Division | Staff and the demographer will work with the Orange County Elections Division to implement districts into the County's elections database. |
| November 2020 | General Municipal Election | First election utilizing adopted district boundaries. |

City of Los Alamitos 2018 Districting

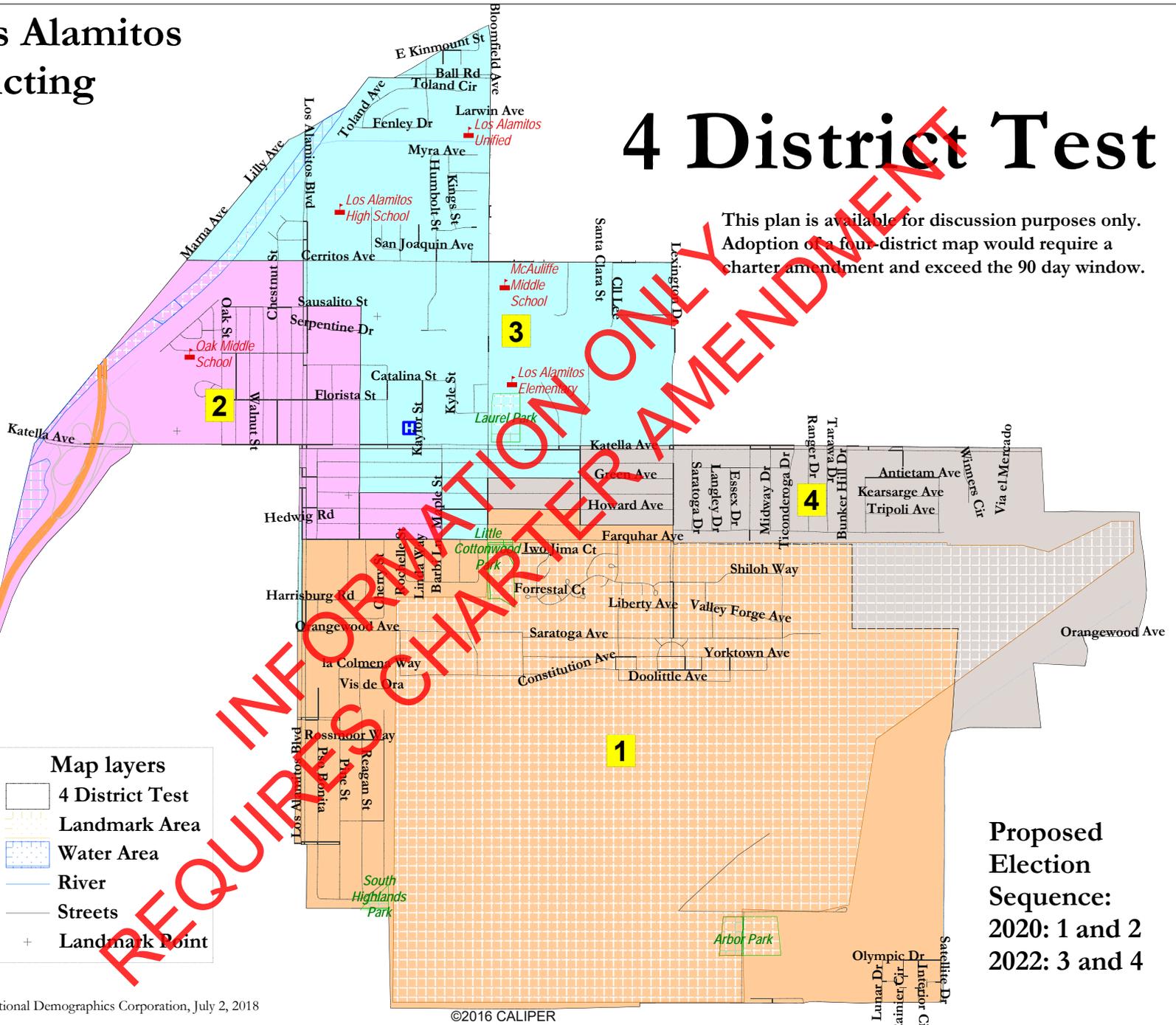
4 District Test

This plan is available for discussion purposes only. Adoption of a four-district map would require a charter amendment and exceed the 90 day window.

REQUIRES CHARTER AMENDMENT

Map layers

- 4 District Test
- Landmark Area
- Water Area
- River
- Streets
- Landmark Point



Proposed Election Sequence:
2020: 1 and 2
2022: 3 and 4

Los Alamitos - Four-District Test

| District | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | Total |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|--------|-------|-------|--------|
| Ideal | Total Pop | 2,852 | 2,782 | 2,914 | 2,861 | 11,409 |
| 2,852 | Deviation from ideal | 0 | -70 | 62 | 9 | 132 |
| | % Deviation | 0.00% | -2.45% | 2.17% | 0.32% | 4.63% |
| Total Pop | % Hisp | 18% | 30% | 17% | 20% | 21% |
| | % NH White | 67% | 47% | 59% | 61% | 59% |
| | % NH Black | 2% | 4% | 3% | 3% | 3% |
| | % Asian-American | 10% | 15% | 19% | 14% | 14% |
| Citizen Voting Age Pop | Total | 2,117 | 1,913 | 2,273 | 2,060 | 8,364 |
| | % Hisp | 15% | 28% | 9% | 26% | 19% |
| | % NH White | 73% | 45% | 59% | 58% | 59% |
| | % NH Black | 4% | 11% | 6% | 3% | 6% |
| | % Asian/Pac.Isl. | 8% | 12% | 22% | 10% | 13% |
| Voter Registration (Nov 2016) | Total | 1,858 | 1,336 | 1,559 | 1,566 | 6,319 |
| | % Latino est. | 14% | 24% | 15% | 17% | 17% |
| | % Spanish-Surnamed | 13% | 22% | 13% | 15% | 15% |
| | % Asian-Surnamed | 5% | 6% | 8% | 6% | 6% |
| | % Filipino-Surnamed | 1% | 3% | 2% | 1% | 2% |
| | % NH White est. | 76% | 55% | 67% | 68% | 67% |
| Voter Turnout (Nov 2016) | Total | 1,559 | 1,018 | 1,279 | 1,258 | 5,114 |
| | % Latino est. | 14% | 25% | 14% | 17% | 17% |
| | % Spanish-Surnamed | 12% | 22% | 13% | 15% | 15% |
| | % Asian-Surnamed | 5% | 5% | 8% | 6% | 6% |
| | % Filipino-Surnamed | 1% | 3% | 2% | 2% | 2% |
| | % NH White est. | 77% | 55% | 68% | 68% | 68% |
| Voter Turnout (Nov 2014) | Total | 917 | 433 | 682 | 623 | 2,655 |
| | % Latino est. | 9% | 20% | 8% | 13% | 12% |
| | % Spanish-Surnamed | 8% | 18% | 8% | 12% | 10% |
| | % Asian-Surnamed | 4% | 4% | 8% | 5% | 5% |
| | % Filipino-Surnamed | 1% | 2% | 1% | 2% | 1% |
| | % NH White est. | 86% | 69% | 82% | 78% | 79% |
| ACS Pop. Est. | Total | 2,824 | 2,933 | 3,062 | 2,881 | 11,706 |
| | Age | | | | | |
| Age | age0-19 | 20% | 26% | 27% | 30% | 28% |
| | age20-60 | 48% | 54% | 54% | 50% | 51% |
| | age60plus | 23% | 21% | 19% | 20% | 21% |
| Immigration | immigrants | 11% | 17% | 17% | 13% | 15% |
| | naturalized | 63% | 68% | 63% | 59% | 64% |
| Language spoken at home | english | 84% | 75% | 74% | 80% | 78% |
| | spanish | 7% | 11% | 11% | 10% | 10% |
| | asian lang | 7% | 11% | 12% | 8% | 9% |
| | other lang | 2% | 3% | 3% | 3% | 3% |
| Language Fluency | Speaks Eng. "Less than Very Well" | 5% | 9% | 10% | 7% | 8% |
| Education (among those age 25+) | hs grad | 51% | 48% | 50% | 52% | 50% |
| | bachelor | 24% | 27% | 26% | 24% | 25% |
| | graduate degree | 20% | 15% | 14% | 17% | 16% |
| Child in Household | child under 18 | 33% | 32% | 34% | 37% | 34% |
| Pct of Pop. Age 16+ | employed | 55% | 60% | 61% | 59% | 59% |
| Household Income | income 0-25k | 12% | 14% | 14% | 13% | 13% |
| | income 25-50k | 11% | 18% | 17% | 14% | 15% |
| | income 50-75k | 18% | 17% | 19% | 20% | 19% |
| | income 75-200k | 47% | 42% | 43% | 44% | 44% |
| | income 200k-plus | 12% | 9% | 7% | 8% | 9% |
| Housing Stats | single family | 77% | 54% | 49% | 53% | 58% |
| | multi-family | 23% | 46% | 51% | 47% | 42% |
| | rented | 36% | 60% | 64% | 58% | 55% |
| | owned | 64% | 40% | 36% | 42% | 45% |

Total population data from the 2010 Decennial Census.

Surname-based Voter Registration and Turnout data from the California Statewide Database.

Latino voter registration and turnout data are Spanish-surname counts adjusted using Census Population Department undercount estimates. NH White and NH Black registration and turnout counts estimated by NDC. Citizen Voting Age Pop., Age, Immigration, and other demographics from the 2012-2016 American Community Survey and Special Tabulation 5-year data.

REQUESTED FOR ONLY AMENDMENT



CITY OF Los Alamitos

3191 Katella Avenue, Los Alamitos, CA 90720

California

PUBLIC HEARING NOTICE City Council Voting Districts

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN the City Council of the City of Los Alamitos will conduct Public Hearings on the below listed dates and times in the City Council Chamber located at 3191 Katella Ave., Los Alamitos, CA to discuss CREATION OF A CITY COUNCIL DISTRICT-BASED ELECTORAL SYSTEM PURSUANT TO CA ELECTIONS CODE 10010

Tuesday, May 29, 2018 - 6:00 p.m.

Monday, June 4, 2018 - 6:00 p.m.

Monday, June 18, 2018 - 5:00 p.m.

Monday, July 9, 2018 - 6:00 p.m.

Monday, July 16, 2018 - 6:00 p.m.

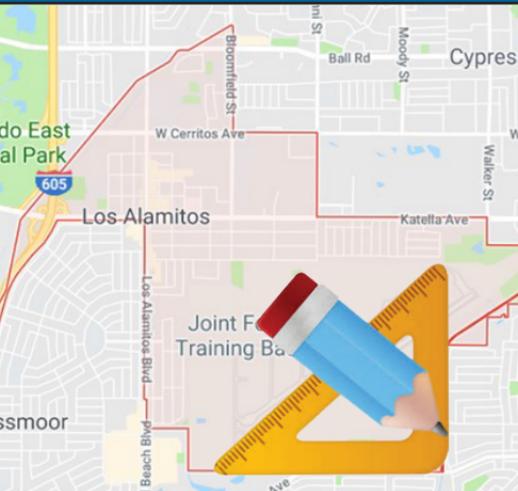
**For more information visit us online:
www.cityoflosalamitos.org**

**Windmera Quintanar, CMC, City Clerk
(562) 431-3538, ext. 220
wquintanar@cityoflosalamitos.org**

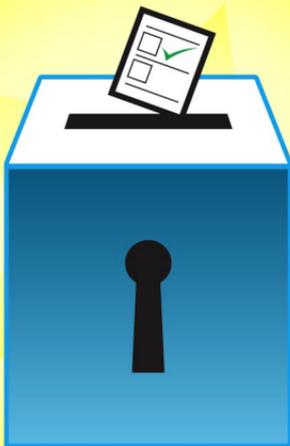


CITY COU Attachment 9

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VIA CERTIFIED MAIL

March 27, 2018

Windmera Quintanar - City Clerk
 City of Los Alamitos
 3191 Katella Avenue
 Los Alamitos, CA 90720

Re: Violation of California Voting Rights Act

I write on behalf of our client, Southwest Voter Registration Education Project and its members. The City of Los Alamitos (“City”) relies upon an at-large election system for electing candidates to its City Council. Moreover, voting within the City is racially polarized, resulting in minority vote dilution, and, therefore, the City’s at-large elections violate the California Voting Rights Act of 2001 (“CVRA”).

The CVRA disfavors the use of so-called “at-large” voting – an election method that permits voters of an entire jurisdiction to elect candidates to each open seat. *See generally Sanchez v. City of Modesto* (2006) 145 Cal.App.4th 660, 667 (“*Sanchez*”). For example, if the U.S. Congress were elected through a nationwide at-large election, rather than through typical single-member districts, each voter could cast up to 435 votes and vote for any candidate in the country, not just the candidates in the voter's district, and the 435 candidates receiving the most nationwide votes would be elected. At-large elections thus allow a bare majority of voters to control *every* seat, not just the seats in a particular district or a proportional majority of seats.

Voting rights advocates have targeted “at-large” election schemes for decades, because they often result in “vote dilution,” or the impairment of minority groups’ ability to elect their preferred candidates or influence the outcome of elections, which occurs when the electorate votes in a racially polarized manner. *See Thornburg v. Gingles*, 478 U.S. 30, 46 (1986) (“*Gingles*”). The U.S. Supreme Court “has long recognized that multi-member districts and at-large voting schemes may operate to minimize or cancel out the voting strength” of minorities. *Id.* at 47; *see also id.* at 48, fn. 14 (at-large elections may also cause elected officials to “ignore [minority] interests without fear of political consequences”), citing *Rogers v. Lodge*, 458 U.S. 613, 623 (1982); *White v. Register*, 412 U.S. 755, 769 (1973). “[T]he majority, by virtue of its numerical superiority, will regularly defeat the choices of minority voters.” *Gingles*, at 47. When racially polarized

voting occurs, dividing the political unit into single-member districts, or some other appropriate remedy, may facilitate a minority group's ability to elect its preferred representatives. *Rogers*, at 616.

Section 2 of the federal Voting Rights Act (“FVRA”), 42 U.S.C. § 1973, which Congress enacted in 1965 and amended in 1982, targets, among other things, at-large election schemes. *Gingles* at 37; *see also* Boyd & Markman, *The 1982 Amendments to the Voting Rights Act: A Legislative History* (1983) 40 Wash. & Lee L. Rev. 1347, 1402. Although enforcement of the FVRA was successful in many states, California was an exception. By enacting the CVRA, “[t]he Legislature intended to expand protections against vote dilution over those provided by the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965.” *Jauregui v. City of Palmdale* (2014) 226 Cal. App. 4th 781, 808. Thus, while the CVRA is similar to the FVRA in several respects, it is also different in several key respects, as the Legislature sought to remedy what it considered “restrictive interpretations given to the federal act.” Assem. Com. on Judiciary, Analysis of Sen. Bill No. 976 (2001-2002 Reg. Sess.) as amended Apr. 9, 2002, p. 2.

The California Legislature dispensed with the requirement in *Gingles* that a minority group demonstrate that it is sufficiently large and geographically compact to constitute a “majority-minority district.” *Sanchez*, at 669. Rather, the CVRA requires only that a plaintiff show the existence of racially polarized voting to establish that an at-large method of election violates the CVRA, not the desirability of any particular remedy. *See* Cal. Elec. Code § 14028 (“A violation of Section 14027 *is established* if it is shown that racially polarized voting occurs ...”) (emphasis added); *also see* Assem. Com. on Judiciary, Analysis of Sen. Bill No. 976 (2001–2002 Reg. Sess.) as amended Apr. 9, 2002, p. 3 (“Thus, this bill puts the voting rights horse (the discrimination issue) back where it sensibly belongs in front of the cart (what type of remedy is appropriate once racially polarized voting has been shown).”)

To establish a violation of the CVRA, a plaintiff must generally show that “racially polarized voting occurs in elections for members of the governing body of the political subdivision or in elections incorporating other electoral choices by the voters of the political subdivision.” Elec. Code § 14028(a). The CVRA specifies the elections that are most probative: “elections in which at least one candidate is a member of a protected class or elections involving ballot measures, or other electoral choices that affect the rights and privileges of members of a protected class.” Elec. Code § 14028(a). The CVRA also makes clear that “[e]lections conducted prior to the filing of an action ... are more probative to establish the existence of racially polarized voting than elections conducted after the filing of the action.” *Id.*

Factors other than “racially polarized voting” that are required to make out a claim under the FVRA – under the “totality of the circumstances” test – “are probative, but not

necessary factors to establish a violation of” the CVRA. Elec. Code § 14028(e). These “other factors” include “the history of discrimination, the use of electoral devices or other voting practices or procedures that may enhance the dilutive effects of at-large elections, denial of access to those processes determining which groups of candidates will receive financial or other support in a given election, the extent to which members of a protected class bear the effects of past discrimination in areas such as education, employment, and health, which hinder their ability to participate effectively in the political process, and the use of overt or subtle racial appeals in political campaigns.” *Id.*

The City’s at-large system dilutes the ability of Latinos (a “protected class”) – to elect candidates of their choice or otherwise influence the outcome of the City’s Council elections.

The City’s election history is illustrative: during the past 15 years, there has not been a single Latino candidate for the Los Alamitos City Council. Opponents of fair, district-based elections may attribute the lack of Latinos vying for elected positions to a lack of interest in local government from the Latino community. On the contrary, the alarming absence of Latino candidates seeking election to the Los Alamitos City Council reveals vote dilution. *See Westwego Citizens for Better Government v. City of Westwego*, 872 F. 2d 1201, 1208-1209, n. 9 (5th Cir. 1989).

The elections on ballot measures addressing the rights of ethnic minorities are similarly illustrative of the racially polarized voting in City of Los Alamitos. For example, in the 1994 election for State Proposition 187, which involved the denial of governmental benefits to persons who could not demonstrate legal residence, Latino voters voted against State Proposition 187, while the rest of the electorate in City of Los Alamitos, particularly the Non-Hispanic White voters, supported the passage of State Proposition 187. Similarly, the 1996 election for State Proposition 209, which involved eliminating “affirmative action,” was racially polarized in City of Los Alamitos. Latino voters voted against State Proposition 209, while the Non-Hispanic White portion of the electorate in City of Los Alamitos supported the passage of State Proposition 209. Similarly, the 1998 election for State Proposition 227, which involved eliminating bilingual education was racially polarized in City of Los Alamitos. Latino voters voted against State Proposition 227, while the rest of the electorate in City of Los Alamitos, particularly the Non-Hispanic White voters in Mission Viejo, supported the passage of State Proposition 227.

As of the 2010 Census, the City of Los Alamitos has a population of 11,449. According to this data, Latinos comprise over 21% of the City’s population. However, for at least the past 15 years, there has not been one Latino to serve on the Los Alamitos City Council. Therefore, not only is the contrast between the significant Latino proportion of the electorate and the total absence of Latinos to run for or be elected to the City’s

Council outwardly disturbing, it is also fundamentally hostile towards Latino participation.

This hostility – the same sort of hostility demonstrated by Los Alamitos’ support of the unconstitutional Proposition 187 – was evidenced most recently when, on March 19, 2018, the Los Alamitos City Council adopted Chapter 9.30, deceptively entitled “Constitution of the United States Compliance” to its Municipal Code to expressly exempt the City of Los Alamitos from the “California Values Act.” This politically charged move by the City Council, to incite a fight over California’s status as a “sanctuary state,” reflects a disturbing insensitivity to the Latino community it purports to represent. Under the guise of compliance with the US Constitution, the action of the Los Alamitos City Council only serves to perpetuate a climate of fear amongst Latinos who feel unwanted, unsafe and unrepresented in Los Alamitos. These exact sentiments were voiced by Luz Beltran-Acevedo, a Los Alamitos resident, who during public comment at the March 19th City Council meeting said, “I don’t want to be scared walking on Katella...be scared that my neighbors are going to be looking at me because I’m Mexican-American. My husband is Mexican-American too and he served in the Afghanistan war. I’m here speaking out because I don’t want my two daughters to be afraid of walking on our streets in Los Alamitos.” Disregarding her plea and the comments of dozens of other speakers who urged a “no” vote, the City Council adopted this Ordinance leaving many Los Alamitos families living in fear, rejected by their neighbors because of their national origin.

Sadly, racially charged rhetoric is not unfamiliar to the Los Alamitos City Council. In 2009, shortly after the inauguration of our first African American President, Mayor Dean Grose circulated an email of a picture entitled “No Easter egg hunt this year” depicting the White House lawn as a watermelon patch. While Mr. Grose proclaimed that he had no idea that the picture was objectively racist, any American with even a modicum of sensitivity to racial stereotypes and discourse would have recognized that the suggestion that President Obama had turned the White House lawn into a watermelon farm is overtly racist. Then, in 2012 the majority non-Hispanic white voting bloc in Los Alamitos expressed its tolerance for such racist behavior when it elected Mr. Grose to the Los Alamitos City Council again. This overtly racial incident, and the lack of any consequence to Mr. Grose from the Los Alamitos electorate is yet another direct reflection of the lack of diversity on the Los Alamitos City Council.

As you may be aware, in 2012, we sued the City of Palmdale for violating the CVRA. After an eight-day trial, we prevailed. After spending millions of dollars, a district-based remedy was ultimately imposed upon the Palmdale city council, with districts that combine all incumbents into one of the four districts.

Given the historical lack of Latino representation on the Los Alamitos City Council in the context of racially polarized elections, we urge the City to voluntarily change its at-large system of electing City Council members. Otherwise, on behalf of residents within the jurisdiction, we will be forced to seek judicial relief. Please advise us no later than May 15, 2018 as to whether you would like to discuss a voluntary change to your current at-large system.

We look forward to your response.

Very truly yours,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'KS', is positioned above the printed name.

Kevin I. Shenkman